

Worcester City Source Apportionment Assessment 2022

In fulfilment of Part IV of the
Environment Act 1995
Local Air Quality Management

April 2022

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1.0 Introduction

This report fulfils the requirements of the Local Air Quality Management (LAQM) process as set out in Part IV of the Environment Act 1995, the Air Quality Strategy for England, Wales and Northern Ireland 2007 and the relevant Policy and Technical Guidance.

Policy Guidance (LAQM.PG16) requires a Local Authority to produce an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) following declaration of an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA). In order to develop an appropriate plan, it is necessary to identify the emission sources contributing to the exceedance of the Objective.

2.0 Air Quality Objectives

The air quality objectives set out in the Air Quality (England) Regulations 2000, as amended by the Air Quality (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2002, provide the statutory basis for the air quality objectives under LAQM in England. The relevant objectives for the propose of this assessment are set out in Table 1 below.

Table 1 Nitrogen Dioxide National Air Quality Objectives

Pollutant	Objective	Averaging Period	Obligation
Nitrogen Dioxide	200µg/m ³	1-hour mean	All local authorities
	not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year		
	40µg/m ³	Annual mean	All local authorities

3.0 Declaration

Three Air Quality Management Areas (AQMA) were declared by Worcester City Council in 2009 for exceedances of the annual average mean objective for nitrogen dioxide (NO₂):

- Dolday/Bridge Street AQMA declared 1st March 2009.
- Lowesmoor/Rainbow Hill AQMA declared 1st March 2009; and
- Newtown Road AQMA declared 1st March 2009.

The Newtown Road AQMA was revoked by the council on 30th July 2014.

A further AQMA was declared by the council for the St Johns area of Worcester for exceedance of the annual mean objective for NO₂ on 26th September 2014.

In 2017, a detailed assessment was undertaken of an area within London Road and Sidbury by Air Quality Consultants (AQC) on behalf of Worcester City Council. The AQC report concluded that an area at the western end of London Road should be declared as an AQMA. A copy of AQC (July 2017) '*Detailed Assessment of Air Quality along London Road, Worcester*' (ref: J2829A/1/F1) is available to download from WRS website at <http://www.worcsregservices.gov.uk/pollution/air-quality/local-air-quality-progress-reports.aspx>

Additionally, long term trend measurements and automatic analyser results up to 2018 within Foregate Street, The Butts and The Tything, Worcester indicated that requirement for a new AQMA declaration of this combined study area would likely be confirmed by detailed assessment.

On the 11th June 2019 Worcester City Council formally declared the Worcester City AQMA (Political Boundary of Worcester City) which encompasses the whole district area as an AQMA, for likely breach of the nitrogen dioxide annual mean.

Additionally, Worcester City Council AQMAs Variation Order 2019 consolidates the existing 2009 and 2014 AQMAs, as detailed above, into the Worcester City AQMA (Political Boundary of Worcester City) as of 11th June 2019.

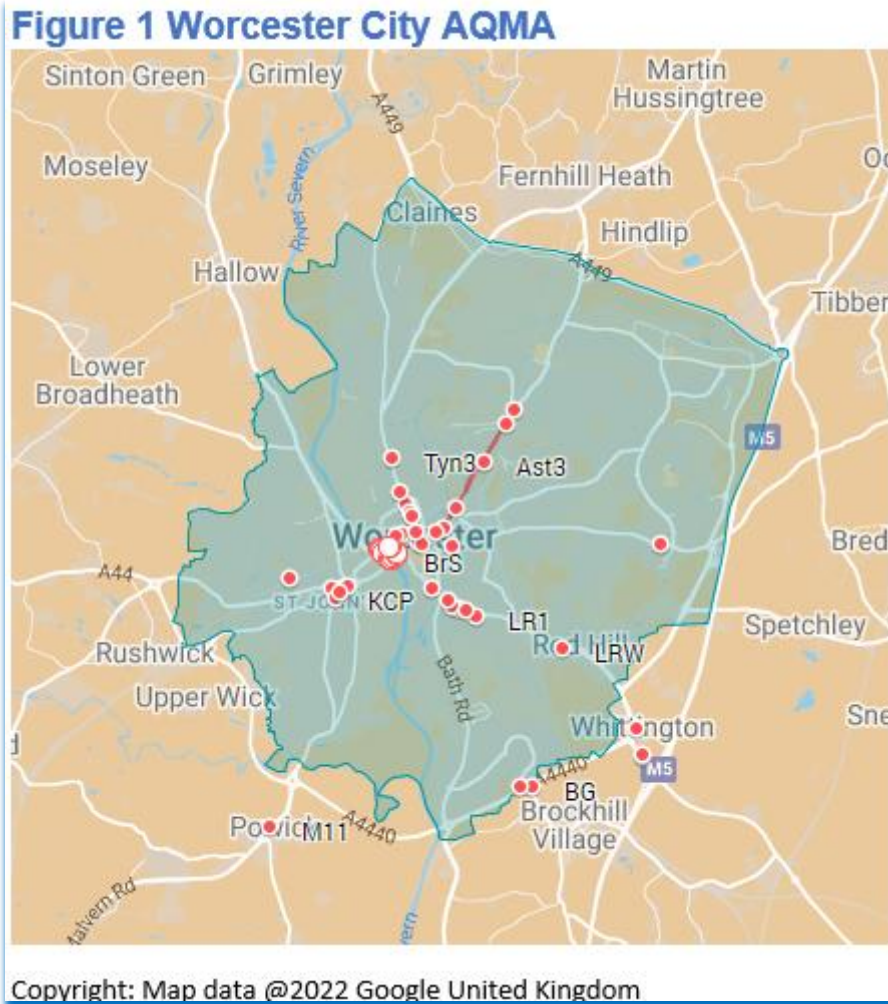
Details of declaration and plans of the AQMAs can be found on the following pages of WRS website: [Air Quality Management Area Declarations | Worcestershire Regulatory Services \(worcsregservices.gov.uk\)](#)

In 2013, WRS produced a countywide Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) for Worcestershire which was adopted by Worcester City Council. WRS have produced two updates to the AQAP, the latest in September 2016. Following the identification of further areas of exceedance across Worcester City, and subsequent declaration of the Citywide AQMA, it is necessary to develop a new action plan relevant to these changes.

This report details the first steps in the process of developing a new Action Plan for improving nitrogen dioxide levels within the Worcester City AQMA. The report aims to identify and quantify the various emission sources which contribute to the exceedances occurring at different locations across the city.

Work previously commenced at the start of 2020 but was suspended due to the outbreak of the Covid-19 Pandemic which had severe impacts on traffic movements and behaviour. Traffic

movements were deemed to have returned to normal at the tail end of 2021 when progress was resumed, and the outstanding traffic surveys carried out.



4.0 Methodology and Input Data

This source apportionment assessment has been undertaken generally following the process outlined in Technical Guidance (LAQM.TG16). LAQM.TG16 (paragraph 7.100) advises that “source apportionment may be undertaken using a simple spreadsheet approach. For example, where road traffic emissions are the principal concern, the percentage contribution to NOX emissions may be calculated using the appropriate emissions factors”. This approach has been adopted for the Worcester City source apportionment assessment utilising Defra’s Emissions Factor Toolkit (EfT) v11.0.

Copies of the Emission Factor Toolkit input and outputs are shown in Appendix B.

4.1 Emission Factor Toolkit

Source apportionment was undertaken using the most recent version of DEFRA’s Emission Factor Toolkit (EfT v11.0).

4.2 Traffic Data

Traffic Count Data

WRS commissioned 12-hour road traffic counts to be undertaken by Worcestershire County Council at the locations within the Worcester City AQMA where exceedances have been recorded. The first traffic surveys were carried out in March 2020 for Foregate Street, The Butts and the Tything. Other traffic surveys were scheduled to take place but were cancelled due to the Covid-19 Pandemic and subsequent lockdowns which heavily reduced traffic flows. The outstanding surveys were conducted in November 2021 for All Saints Road, Bridge Street, Lowesmoor, and the Cross once traffic volumes were considered to have returned to pre-pandemic levels.

The traffic count data were scaled to 24hours using DfT Table TRA037. A separate figure was calculated to scale taxi journeys from available data to reflect the level of evening and weekend operation. The traffic data and scaling calculations are provided in Appendix B.

Speed Data

Speed data for the various routes within Worcester City were derived from basic speed surveys carried out by WRS in January and February 2020. The surveys were carried out

using Android App “Speedometer GPS” which uses the inbuilt GPS of the smart phone to monitor and record journey statistics, including speed. These data are then displayed on a Google base map. The data is stored and can be reviewed later however there is no function to export the data from the app and as such it is not possible to reproduce it in full as part of this report. A summary of the information gathered is provided in Appendix B.

4.3 Diffusion Tube Data

Worcester City Council monitors annual mean nitrogen dioxide concentrations using passive diffusion tubes with 37 locations currently located across the District. Various diffusion tube monitoring locations are present within the areas of concern located inside the citywide AQMA area. Plans showing the locations of diffusion tube monitoring locations in relation to the study areas are included in Section 6. Where two or more diffusion tubes were located within the same study area the location recording the highest NO₂ concentration has generally been utilised to represent worst case conditions. The most representative monitoring location has been used in each case to inform the study. Two locations within Foregate Street (Fos and Fos2) have been included to provide comparison as the location with the highest concentrations is located at the edge of the study area at a busy signal-controlled crossroads.

It was decided to use data from 2018 as this was considered the most representative of concentrations. 2017 and 2019 data were subject to a low bias adjustment factor leading to lower than expected results. 2020 and 2021 results were even more heavily reduced due to the impacts of the Corona Virus Pandemic and subsequent lockdowns. 2018 was therefore considered to be more appropriate year to use being in line with previous long-term trends. LAQM.TG16 advises that as diffusion tubes are not the reference method, and passive diffusion typically results in a low accuracy, it is necessary to bias adjust the results based upon local or national collocation studies with chemiluminescent analysers. The bias - adjustment factor of 0.89 issued by Defra was utilised to adjust the 2018 data.

Table 2 Annual mean nitrogen dioxide concentrations measured at diffusion tube locations within the study areas ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

Site	Description	2018 ^{abc}
Tyn	925 - Hammerchilds, The Tything, WR1 1JT	47.21
Fos	Foregate Street junction with Shaw Street, WR1 1EB	48.51
Fos2	Hewitt Recruitment, 35 Foregate Street, WR1 1EE	35.81
But2	Magdala Court, The Butts, WR1 3PB	52.43
BRS2	Bridge Street, WR1 3NJ	47.7
Bkc	Berkeley Court, Foregate Street, Worcester, WR1 3QF	46.94
DDASH	All Saints House, WR1 3NX	43.8
Lwm1	Lowesmoor, Rainbow Hill End, WR1 2SE	41.2
Objective	40	

^a bias-adjusted using 2018 defra national factor 0.89

^b annualised in accordance with DEFRA TG16

^c calculated back to relevant exposure in accordance with DEFRA TG16

5.0 Background and Local Contributions

Technical guidance (LAQM.TG16) advises that determining “...the apportionment for NO₂ is not straightforward due to the non-linear relationship between emissions of NO₂ and nitrous oxides (NO_x). This is additionally complicated by the different proportions of NO₂ in the NO_x emission for different sources, for example, petrol cars or diesel cars. The following advice therefore applies to NO₂ source apportionment:

- *Background contributions: the national maps will give the total background NO₂ concentration. This should be apportioned to regional and local background using the ratio of the background NO_x concentrations attributable to these two sources, which are also available in the national maps; and*
- *Local contributions: the local contribution to NO₂ is the difference between the total (measured or modelled) NO₂ and the total background NO₂. This is then apportioned to the local sources, for example, buses, HGVs, taxis, cars, using the relative contributions of these sources to the local NO_x concentration”*

Regional and total background concentrations of NO_x and NO₂ for 2018, available from the DEFRA website, have been used to calculate the contribution of local NO₂ for the relevant monitoring locations for each area recording the highest measured level of NO₂ following the procedure laid out in LAQM.TG16 Box 7.5. The local contribution has then been apportioned to each vehicle class according to the results of the Eft. Calculations are presented in Appendix C. The results are summarised in Tables 3 and 4 below.

Table 3 Measured NO₂ concentrations & contribution of each main source type

Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m ³)									
Site ID	Regional Background	Local Background	Cars	LGVs	Taxis	HGVs	Buses	MCs	Total
Tything (Tyn)	9.12	4.5	16.29	6.18	2.35	4.16	4.6	0.03	47.21
Foregate (Fos)	9.12	4.5	12.1	4.65	4.68	2.93	10.48	0.03	48.51
The Foregate (Fos2)	9.12	4.5	7.7	2.95	2.98	1.86	6.67	0.02	35.81
The Butts (But2)	9.12	4.5	8.52	3.65	2.43	2.06	22.13	0.02	52.43
Bridge Street (BRS2)	8.43	4.69	17.25	6.96	1.48	4.02	4.82	0.05	47.70
The Cross (Bkc)	9.12	4.5	7.69	3.13	4.26	2.2	16.02	0.04	46.94
All Saints Road (DDASH)	8.43	4.69	13.74	4.72	1.18	3.96	7.02	0.05	43.80
Lowesmoor (Lwm1)	10.07	4.21	5.09	2.91	2.02	1.21	15.67	0.01	41.20
% Contribution to Total									
Site ID	Regional Background	Local Background	Cars	LGVs	Taxis	HGVs	Buses	MCs	Total
The Tything (Tyn)	19.32	9.53	34.51	13.09	4.98	8.82	9.75	0.07	100
Foregate (Fos)	18.82	9.29	24.95	9.58	9.64	6.03	21.6	0.06	100
Foregate Street (Fos2)	25.49	12.58	21.5	8.25	8.31	5.19	18.62	0.06	100
The Butts (But2)	17.39	8.58	16.25	6.96	4.63	3.92	42.21	0.04	100
Bridge Street (BRS2)	17.67	9.83	36.16	14.59	3.11	8.43	10.1	0.11	100
The Cross (Bkc)	19.4	9.58	16.39	6.66	9.07	4.69	34.12	0.09	100
All Saints Road (DDASH)	19.25	10.71	31.38	10.77	2.7	9.05	16.02	0.11	100
Lowesmoor (Lwm1)	24.44	10.22	12.35	7.06	4.91	2.94	38.04	0.03	100

Background split determined following technical guidance in Defra (Oct 2016) 'Background Concentration Maps User Guide':

- (1) Regional background includes emissions from sources not in LA control e.g. Motorways outside of study area, Industrial sources, Domestic properties, Railways, Rural sources, Others
- (2) Local background includes emissions from sources LA have some influence over e.g. Primary A roads, Minor Roads and Point sources in and outside of study area

Table 3 above demonstrates that the main contributors to emissions within the study areas are cars within the Tything, Foregate Street (Fos), Bridge Street, and All Saints Road. Buses are indicated to be the main contributor at the Butts, the Cross, and Lowesmoor. The

regional background is the highest source attributed at Foregate (Fos2), and second highest in six of the areas, and third at Foregate Street (Fos). Cars and regional background contributions are in the top three contributions for all 8 locations, with buses in 6 out of the 8 locations, and LGVs making up the remaining 2.

As the local authority is largely unable to influence regional background levels it is more useful to consider the source apportionment of the local traffic sources in isolation when developing actions for improving air quality. Table 4 below illustrates the local traffic contribution, excluding background concentrations, broken down into vehicle type.

Table 4 - Concentrations & percentage contribution of emissions to local traffic sources

Annual Mean Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)										
Site ID	Cars			LGVs		Taxis	HGVs	Buses	MCs	Total
	Petrol	Diesel	Other	Petrol	Diesel					
Tything (Tyn)	2.15	14.07	0.07	0.03	6.15	2.35	4.16	4.6	0.03	33.59
Foregate (Fos)	1.58	10.51	0.02	0.01	4.64	4.68	2.92	10.49	0.03	34.88
Fos2	1.01	6.68	0.02	0	2.95	2.98	1.86	6.67	0.02	22.19
The Butts (But2)	1.07	7.43	0.02	0.02	3.64	2.43	2.05	22.13	0.02	38.81
Bridge Street (BRS2)	2.16	15	0.08	0.01	6.95	1.48	4.02	4.82	0.05	34.57
The Cross (Bkc)	0.93	6.71	0.03	0.01	3.12	4.26	2.2	16.03	0.03	33.32
All Saints Road (DDASH)	1.73	11.97	0.02	0.01	4.72	1.19	3.97	7.03	0.04	30.68
Lowesmoor (Lwm1)	0.64	4.43	0.02	0.01	2.92	2.02	1.21	15.66	0.01	26.92
% Contribution to Total										
Site ID	Cars			LGVs		Taxis	HGVs	Buses	Motorcycles	Total
	Petrol	Diesel	Other	Petrol	Diesel					
Tything (Tyn)	6.4	41.9	0.2	0.10	18.3	7	12.4	13.7	0.10	100
Foregate (Fos)	4.53	30.12	0.07	0.02	13.3	13.41	8.37	30.08	0.09	99.99
Fos2	4.53	30.12	0.07	0.02	13.3	13.41	8.37	30.08	0.09	99.99
The Butts (But2)	2.76	19.15	0.04	0.04	9.37	6.26	5.29	57.03	0.05	99.99

Bridge Street (BRS2)	6.26	43.38	0.24	0.03	20.09	4.29	11.63	13.93	0.15	100
The Cross (Bkc)	2.79	20.15	0.1	0.01	9.36	12.79	6.6	48.1	0.1	100
All Saints Road (DDASH)	5.64	39.03	0.07	0.02	15.38	3.87	12.94	22.9	0.15	100
Lowesmoor (Lwm1)	2.37	16.44	0.09	0.01	10.84	7.51	4.5	58.19	0.05	100

Highest Contribution, Second, Third, Fourth

Table 4 illustrates the contributors to emissions within the study areas with background concentrations removed shown as a percentage and as micrograms per cubic metre ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) for the remaining roadside concentrations. To help identify and rank the concentrations the greatest values are shown in red, the second highest in yellow, the third in green and the fourth in blue. The highest contributors are diesel cars in 5 of the study areas and buses in the other 3. Again, six of the second highest contributors are shown to be diesel cars and buses with the remaining two being diesel LGVs. The third largest comprise buses, LGV diesels and taxis, with the fourth highest contributor comprising the remaining diesel LGVs, taxis and HGVs. For clarity, the rankings are shown in the table below.

Table 5 – Breakdown of top contributions to emissions in each area

Site ID	First Largest Contributor (% / $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Second	Third	Fourth
The Tything (Tyn)	Diesel Cars (41.9% / 14.07 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (18.3% / 6.15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Buses (13.7% / 4.6 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	HGVs (12.4% / 4.16 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Foregate Street (Fos)	Diesel Cars (30.12% / 10.51 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Buses (30.08 / 10.49 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Taxis (13.41% / 4.68 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (13.3% / 4.64 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Foregate Street (Fos2)	Diesel Cars (30.12% / 6.68 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Buses (30.08% / 6.67 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Taxi (13.41% / 2.98 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (13.3% / 2.95 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
The Butts (But2)	Buses (57.03% / 22.13 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel Cars (19.15% / 7.43 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (9.37% / 3.64 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Taxis (6.26% / 2.43 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Bridge Street (BRS2)	Diesel Cars (43.38% / 15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (20.09% / 6.95 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Buses (13.93% / 4.82 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	HGVs (11.63% / 4.02 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
The Cross (Bkc)	Buses (48.1% / 16.03 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel Cars (20.15% / 6.71 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Taxis (12.79% / 4.26 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (9.36% / 3.12 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
All Saints Road (DDASH)	Diesel Cars (39.03% / 11.97 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Buses (22.09% / 7.03 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (15.38% / 4.72 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	HGVs (12.94% / 3.97 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Lowesmoor (Lwm1)	Buses (58.19% / 15.66 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel Cars (16.44% / 4.43 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Diesel LGVs (10.84% / 2.92 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Taxis (7.51% / 2.02 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

6.0 Required Improvements

The degree of improvement required to achieve the annual mean objective for nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) is the difference between the highest measured or predicted concentration and the objective level (40µg/m³). For example, the highest nitrogen dioxide concentration at a representative location in the Tything study area in 2018 is 47.21µg/m³ at Tyn, requiring a reduction of 7.21µg/m³ for the objective to be met.

However Technical Guidance (LAQM.TG16) advises that in terms of the reduction in emissions required it is more useful to consider nitrogen oxides (NO_x). Therefore, the road NO_x reduction required for compliance with the national air quality objectives in the Tything at Tyn has been calculated in accordance with LAQM.TG16 Box 7.6 utilising Defra’s NO_x to NO₂ Conversion Spreadsheet v5.1. Calculations are included in Appendix C.

It is generally accepted that the revocation of an AQMA is not appropriate unless measured concentrations are consistently below the objective to avoid ‘bouncing’ between revocation and re-declaration of borderline AQMAs. Therefore, the reduction in NO_x required to achieve targets at 5% and 10% below the objective have also been calculated. Achieving these levels would provide greater confidence to the local authority that emissions of NO₂ are unlikely to exceed the objective again. A summary of the required reductions in NO_x and NO₂ to achieve concentrations of 36µg/m³, 38µg/m³ and 40µg/m³ at the relevant monitoring locations are presented in Table 6 below.

Table 6 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at monitoring locations

Required reduction in NO _x /NO ₂ concentrations at monitoring locations				
	Required reduction to: -	Required NO _x reduction (µg/m ³)	Required NO _x reduction (% of local sources)	Equivalent NO ₂ reduction (µg/m ³)
The Tything (Tyn)	Objective 40µg/m ³	19.40	26.54	8.91
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	23.93	32.74	10.99
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	28.38	38.82	13.04
Foregate Street (Fos)	Objective 40µg/m ³	22.61	29.63	10.34
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	27.14	35.57	12.41
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	31.59	41.4	14.44
Foregate Street (Fos2)	Objective 40µg/m ³	n/a	n/a	n/a
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	n/a	n/a	n/a
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	1.81	3.89	0.86
The Butts (But2)	Objective 40µg/m ³	32.5	37.7	14.63
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	37.03	42.96	16.67
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	41.48	48.12	18.68
Bridge Street (BRS2)	Objective 40µg/m ³	20.72	27.79	9.61
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	25.27	33.89	11.72
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	29.73	39.87	13.79

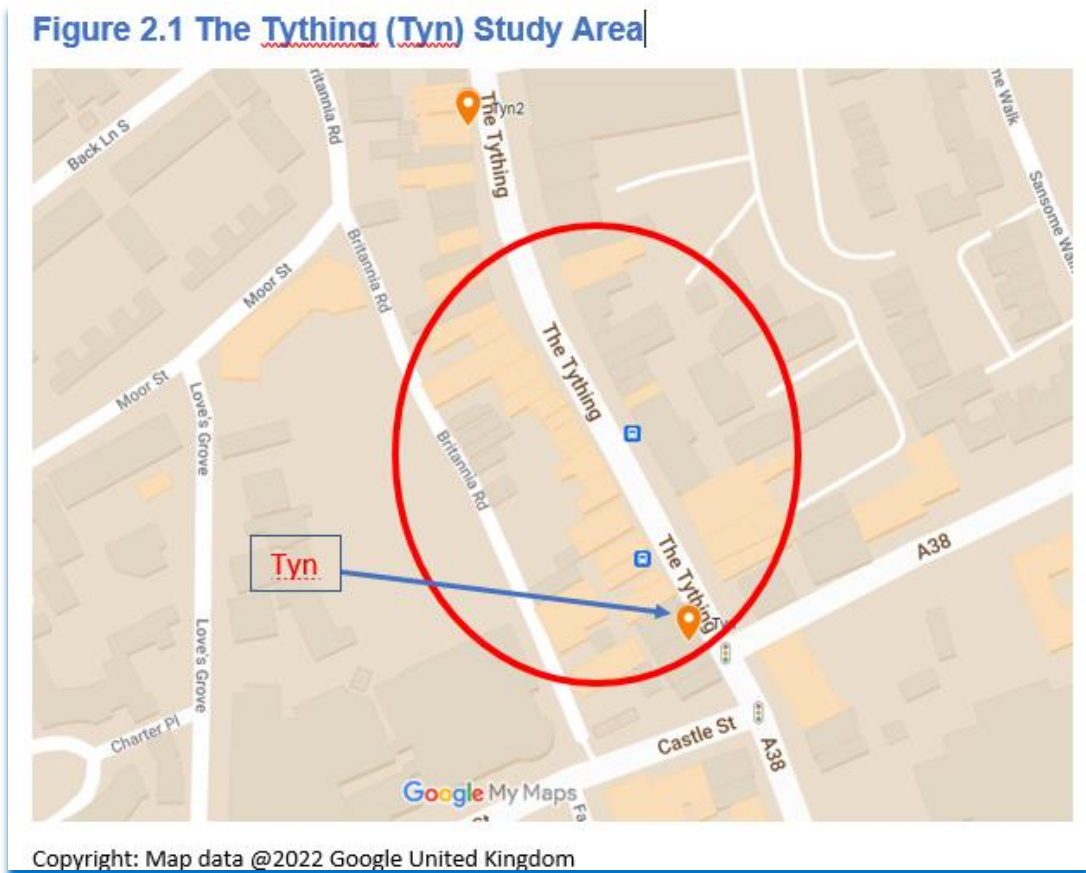
The Cross (Bkc)	Objective 40µg/m ³	17.63	24.66	8.22
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	22.18	31.03	10.34
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	26.64	37.27	12.42
All Saints Road (DDASH)	Objective 40µg/m ³	11.19	17.2	5.28
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	15.74	24.2	7.42
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	20.20	31.06	9.53
Lowesmoor (Lwm1)	Objective 40µg/m ³	2.9	5.11	1.38
	5% below obj. 38µg/m ³	7.45	13.13	3.53
	10% below obj. 36µg/m ³	11.91	20.99	5.65

Table 6 indicates that the largest reduction of 37.7% in emissions, or 14.63µg/m³, is required within the Butts study area (But2) to reduce level of NO₂ to the objective. The smallest reduction of 5.11%, or 1.38µg/m³, is required at Lowesmoor (Lwm1). All other areas fall within that range bracket with the exception of Fos2 that already measures within the objective and therefore no reduction is required (although a 0.86 µg/m³ decrease is required to be 10% below).

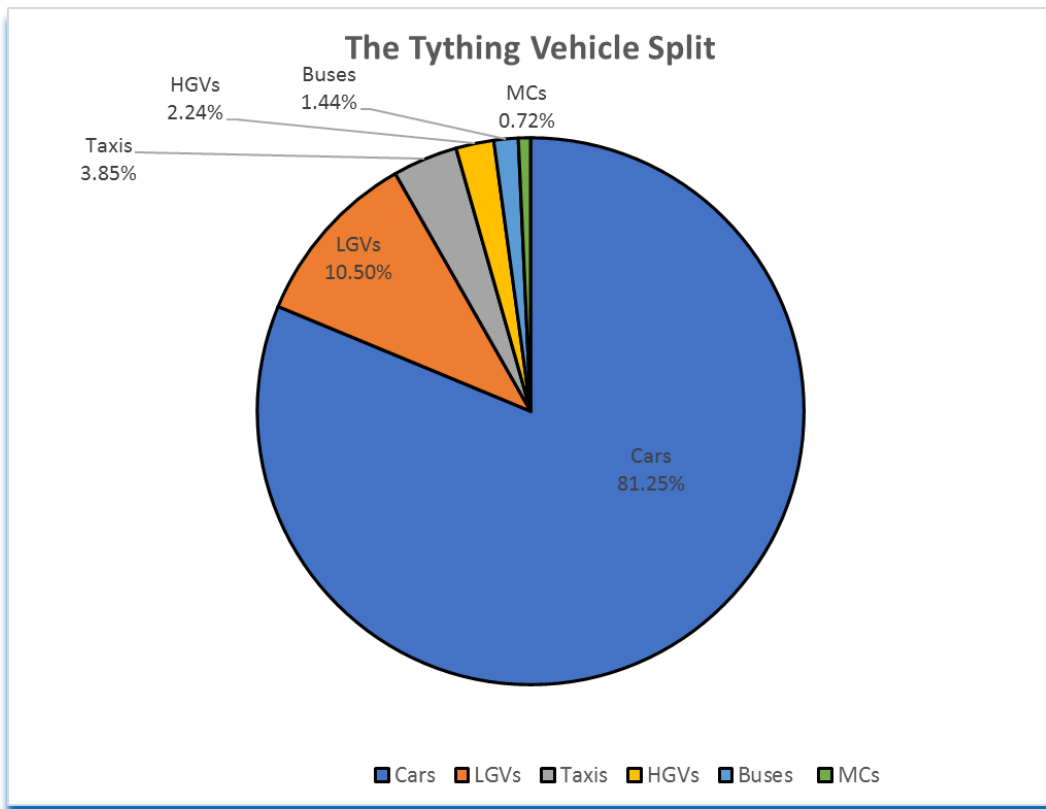
This report does not focus on how required reductions might be achieved. However, in order to inform the focus of potential measures for consideration as part of Action Plan development the information below demonstrates the reduction in emissions that could be expected to be achieved in each of the study areas, assuming stepped nominal emission reductions for each main vehicle category.

6.1 The Tything (Tyn)

The traffic data survey was undertaken along the Tything, north of St Mary's Street, taking account of north and south bound traffic on the 3rd March 2020. The plan below shows the study area and location of monitoring point Tyn.



The traffic survey identified the following proportion of vehicles.



The emissions output based on traffic composition were then calculated and can be seen on the chart below..

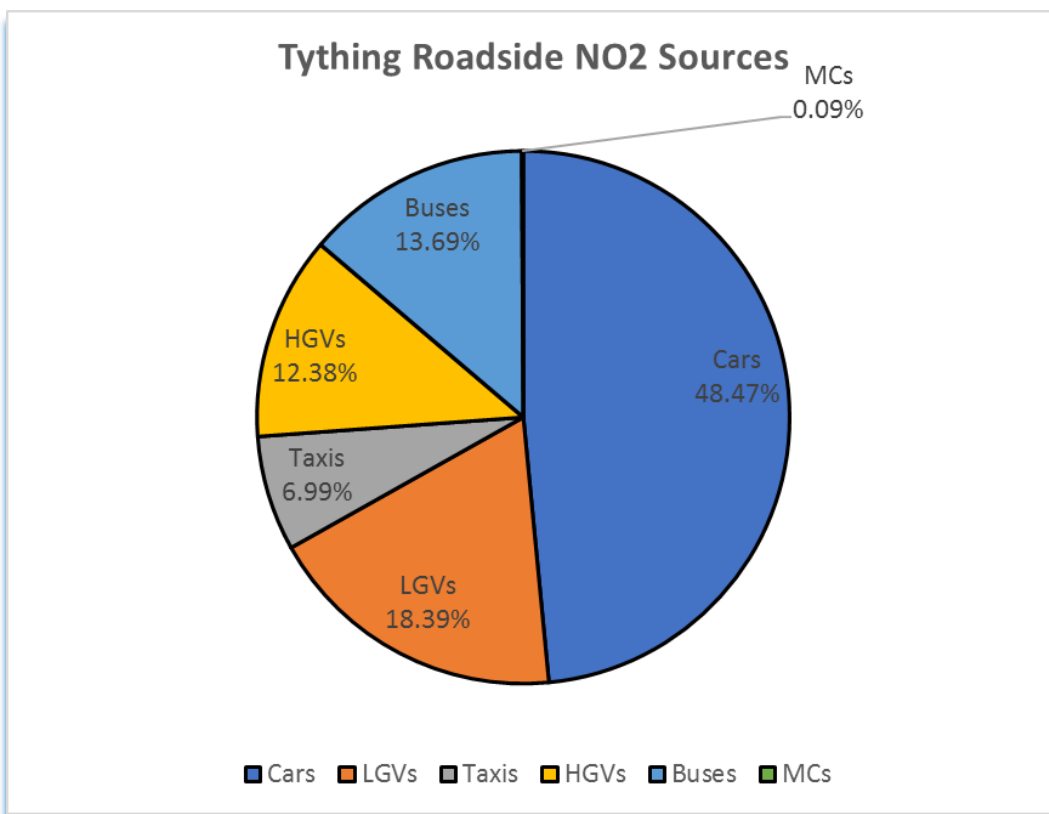


Table 6.1 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at Tyn

Tything Reduction in Emissions ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	16.29	1.629	3.258	4.887	6.516	8.145	9.774	11.403	13.032	14.661	16.29
Taxis	2.35	0.235	0.47	0.705	0.94	1.175	1.41	1.645	1.88	2.115	2.35
LGVs	6.18	0.618	1.236	1.854	2.472	3.09	3.708	4.326	4.944	5.562	6.18
HGVs	4.16	0.416	0.832	1.248	1.664	2.08	2.496	2.912	3.328	3.744	4.16
Buses	4.6	0.46	0.92	1.38	1.84	2.3	2.76	3.22	3.68	4.14	4.6
MC	0.03	0.003	0.006	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.018	0.021	0.024	0.027	0.03
Total Vehicles	33.61	3.388	6.776	10.164	13.552	16.94	20.328	23.716	27.104	30.492	33.61

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of $40\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective ($38\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective ($36\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

As indicated in table 6 previously a reduction of $8.91\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or more would be required to meet the national objective, $10.99\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 5% below the objective, and $13.04\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 10% below.

Table 6.1 demonstrates that to achieve the NO_2 results highlighted above reductions targeting individual types of vehicle in isolation within the Tything would not lead to the annual mean objective being achieved. Cars would be an exception to this but would require a very large reduction of 60% or more to fall below the objective.

Actions to improve emissions are likely needed to target more than one type of vehicle to achieve the desired reduction. Table 6.1 demonstrates that a reduction of 30% or more is required across all vehicle types to meet the objective.

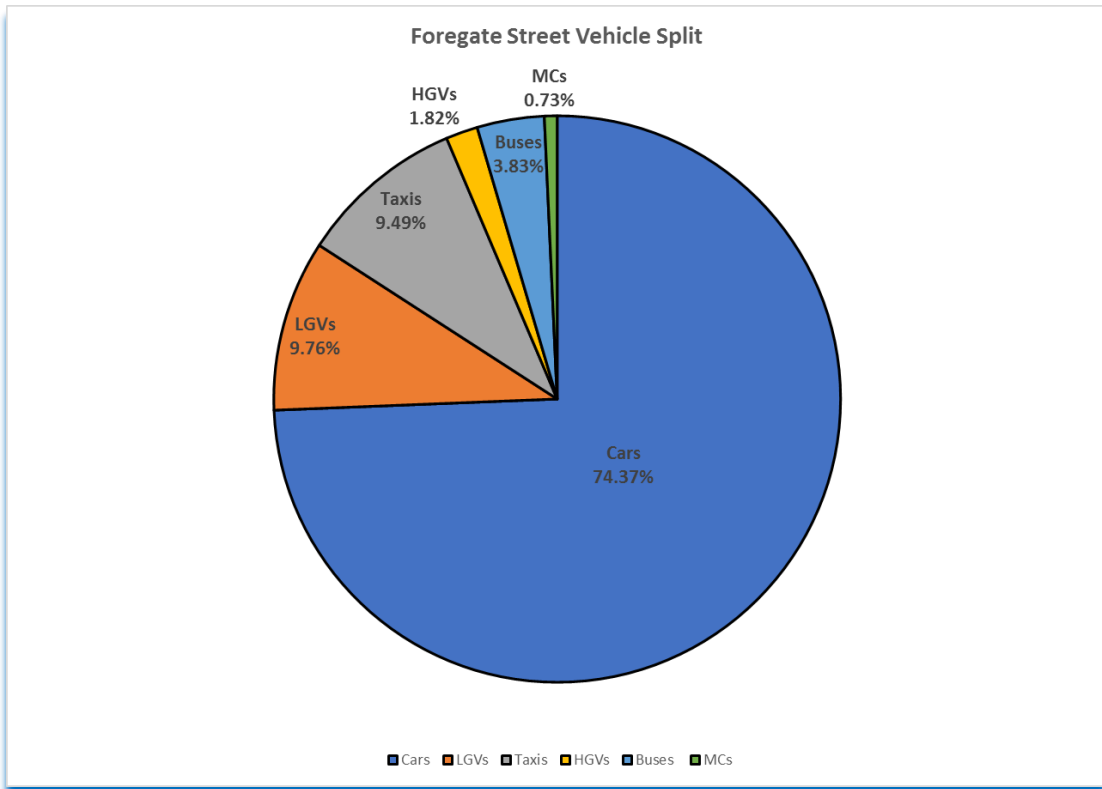
6.2 Foregate Street (Fos)

The traffic data survey was undertaken along Foregate Street, between Shaw Street and Castle Street, observing north and south bound traffic on the 10th March 2020. The plan below shows the study area and location of monitoring points Fos and Fos 2. Location Fos3 was not utilised as recorded concentrations are much lower.

Figure 2.2 The Foregate Street (Fos & Fos2) Study Area



The traffic survey showed the following proportion of vehicles within Foregate Street.



The emissions output based on traffic composition show the following roadside contributions.

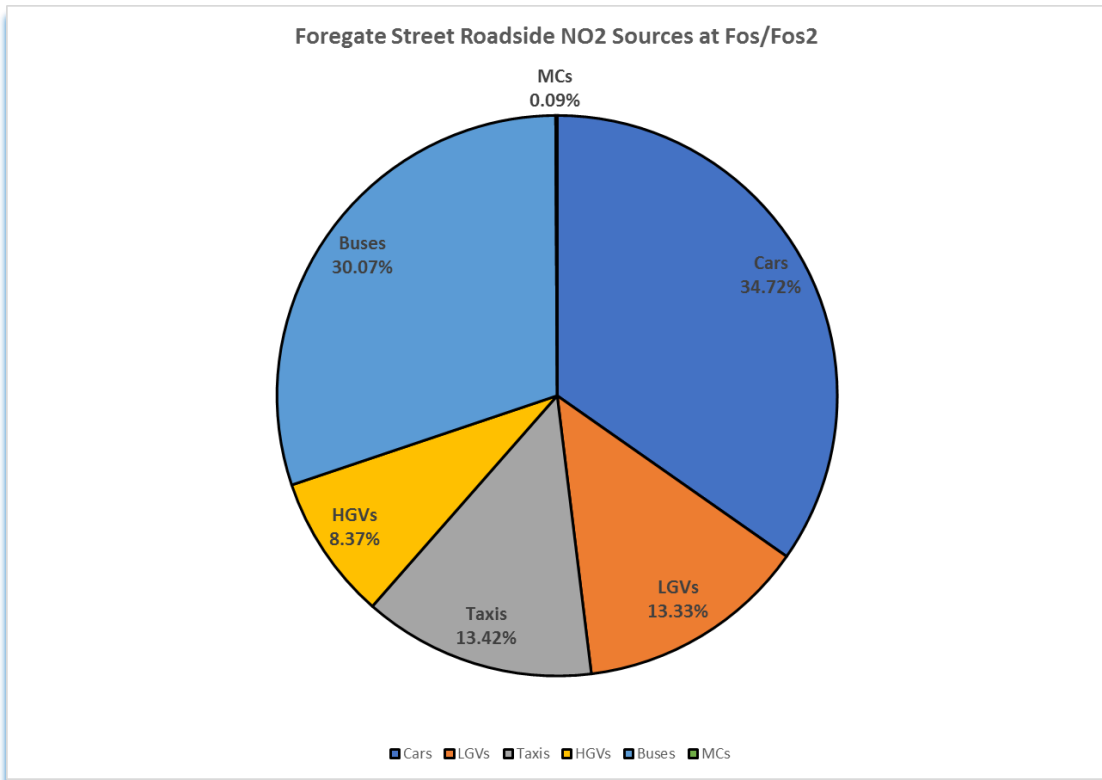


Table 6.2 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at Fos

Foregate (Fos) Reduction in Emissions (µg/m3)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	12.11	1.211	2.422	3.633	4.844	6.055	7.266	8.477	9.688	10.899	12.11
Taxis	4.68	0.468	0.936	1.404	1.872	2.34	2.808	3.276	3.744	4.212	4.68
LGVs	4.65	0.465	0.93	1.395	1.86	2.325	2.79	3.255	3.72	4.185	4.65
HGVs	2.92	0.292	0.584	0.876	1.168	1.46	1.752	2.044	2.336	2.628	2.92
Buses	10.49	1.049	2.098	3.147	4.196	5.245	6.294	7.343	8.392	9.441	10.49
MC	0.03	0.003	0.006	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.018	0.021	0.024	0.027	0.03
Total Vehicles	34.88	3.488	6.976	10.464	13.952	17.44	20.928	24.416	27.904	31.392	34.88

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of 40µg/m³

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective (38µg/m³)

***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective (36µg/m³)

As indicated in table 6 previously a reduction of 10.34µg/m³ or more would be required to meet the national objective, 12.41µg/m³ for 5% below the objective, and 14.44µg/m³ for 10% below, based on concentrations recorded at monitoring location Fos.

Table 6.2 indicates that to achieve the NO₂ results highlighted above reductions targeting individual types of vehicle in isolation generally would not lead to the annual mean objective being achieved. The data indicates that a 90% or more reduction in the number of cars or 100% reduction in buses would be required to achieve the objective.

Actions to improve emissions are likely needed to target more than one vehicle type to achieve the desired reduction. Table 6.2 demonstrates that a reduction of 30% or more is required across all vehicle types to meet the objective, a 40% reduction would achieve concentrations 5% below the objective, and a 50% or more reduction would be necessary to achieve 10% below the objective.

The required reduction data has not been provided for location Fos2 as concentrations have been recorded below the objective.

6.3 The Butts (But2)

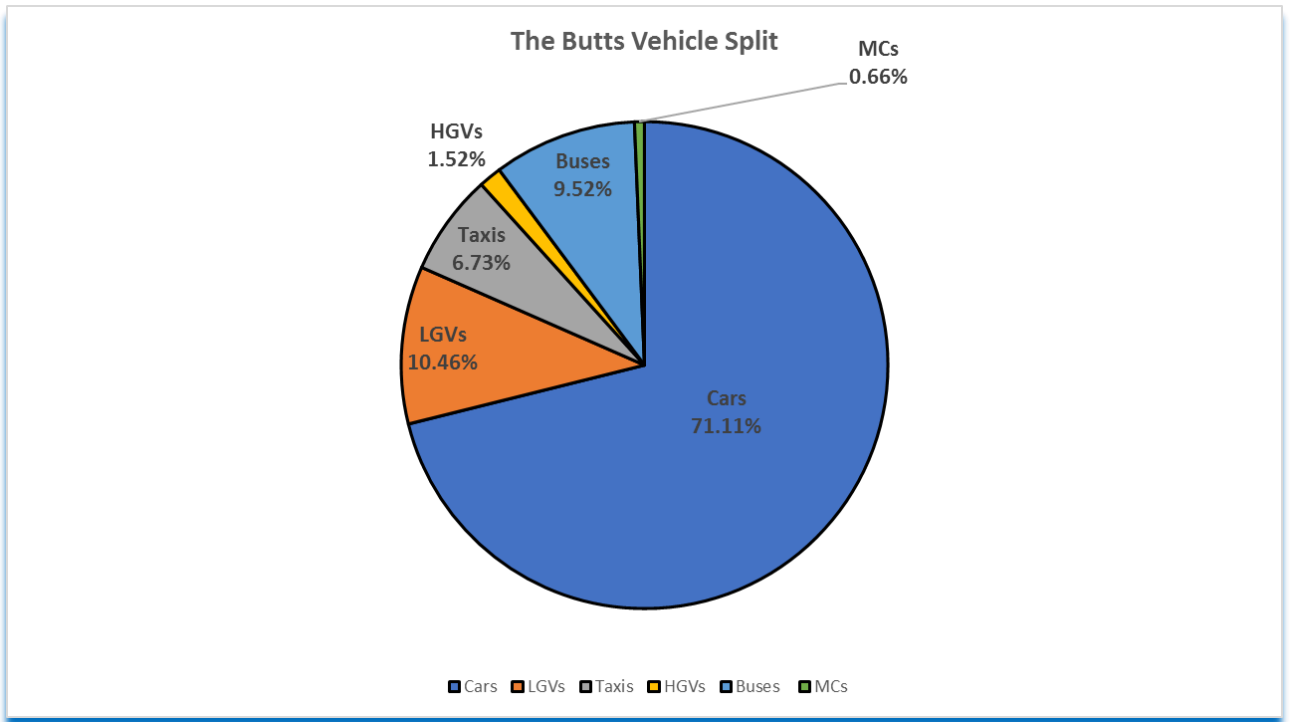
The traffic data survey was undertaken along the Butts with the traffic flowing east bound on the 12th March 2020. The plan below shows the study area and location of monitoring point But2. But2 was used instead of But1 due to the slightly higher concentrations being recorded at this location.

Figure 2.3 The Butts (But2) Study Area



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The traffic survey showed the following proportion of vehicles within the Butts.



The emissions output based on traffic composition show the following roadside contributions.

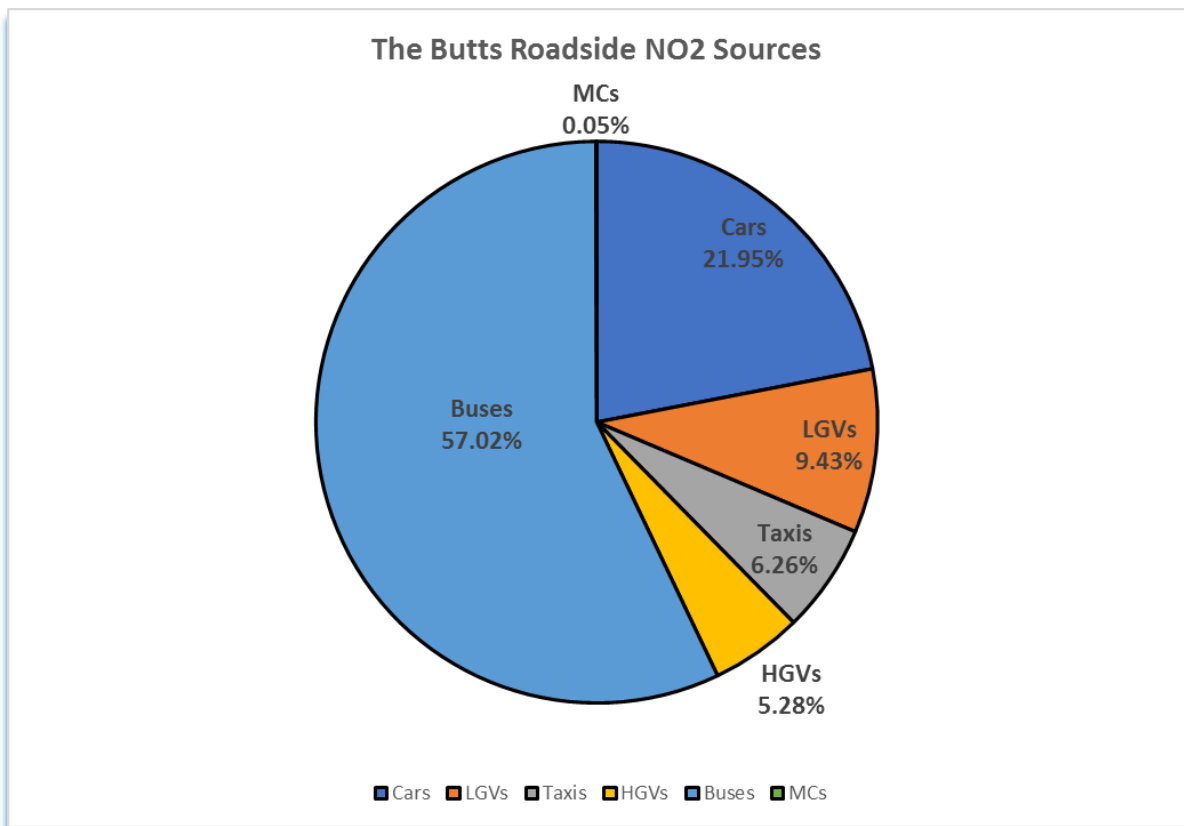


Table 6.3 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at But2

The Butts (But2) Reduction in Emissions ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	8.52	0.852	1.704	2.556	3.408	4.26	5.112	5.964	6.816	7.668	8.52
Taxis	2.43	0.243	0.486	0.729	0.972	1.215	1.458	1.701	1.944	2.187	2.43
LGVs	3.66	0.366	0.732	1.098	1.464	1.83	2.196	2.562	2.928	3.294	3.66
HGVs	2.05	0.205	0.41	0.615	0.82	1.025	1.23	1.435	1.64	1.845	2.05
Buses	22.13	2.213	4.426	6.639	8.852	11.065	13.278	15.491	17.704	19.917	22.13
MC	0.02	0.002	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.01	0.012	0.014	0.016	0.018	0.02
Total Vehicles	38.81	3.881	7.762	11.643	15.524	19.405	23.286	27.167	31.048	34.929	38.81

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of $40\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective ($38\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective ($36\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

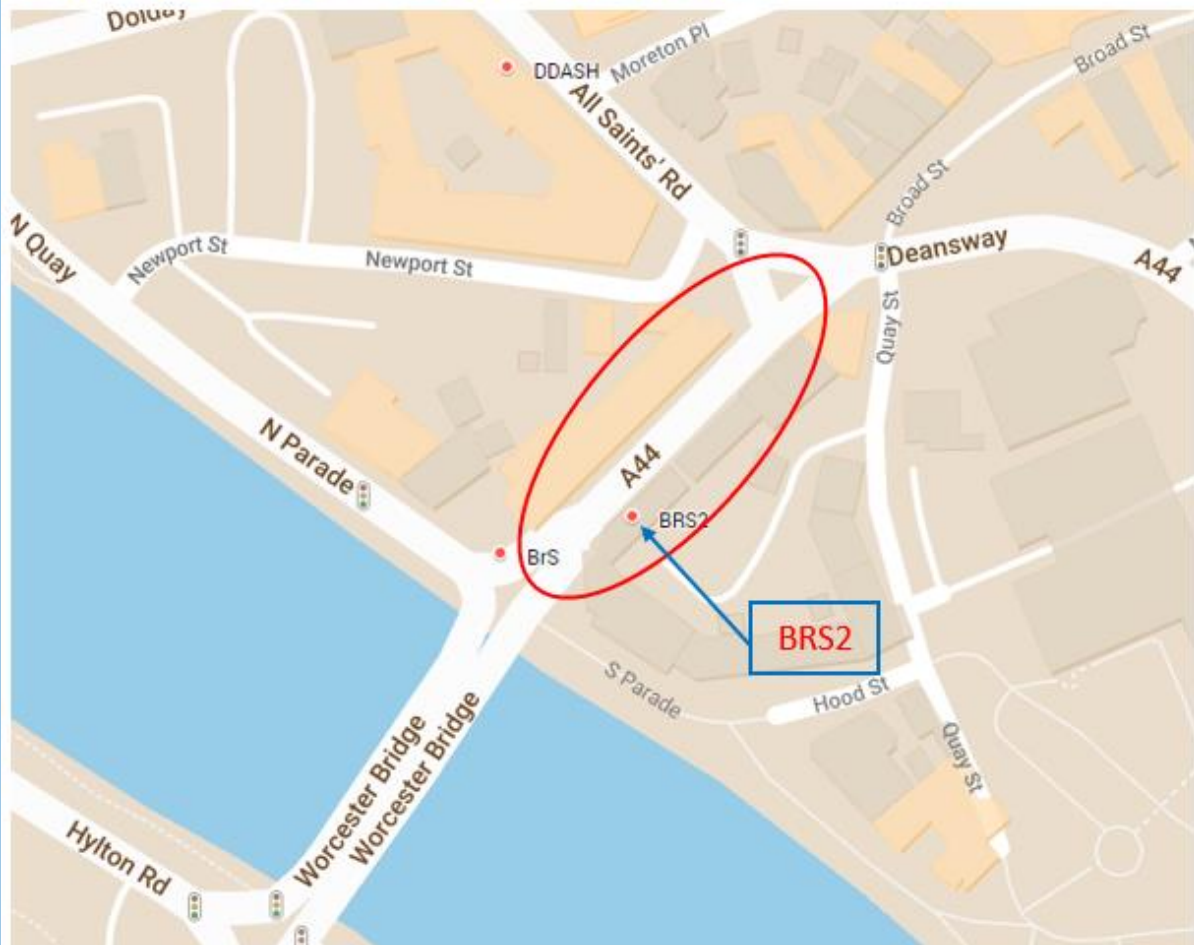
As indicated in table 6 previously a reduction of $14.63\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ would be required to meet the national objective, $16.67\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 5% below the objective, and $18.68\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 10% below, based on concentrations recorded at monitoring location But2.

Table 6.3 above demonstrates that it would require a large reduction of 70% or more in bus emissions to meet the annual mean objective. Actions to improve emissions are therefore likely needed to target more than one vehicle type to achieve the desired reduction. A reduction of 40% or more is required across all vehicle types to meet the objective, a 50% reduction would achieve concentrations 10% below the objective.

6.4 Bridge Street (BRS2)

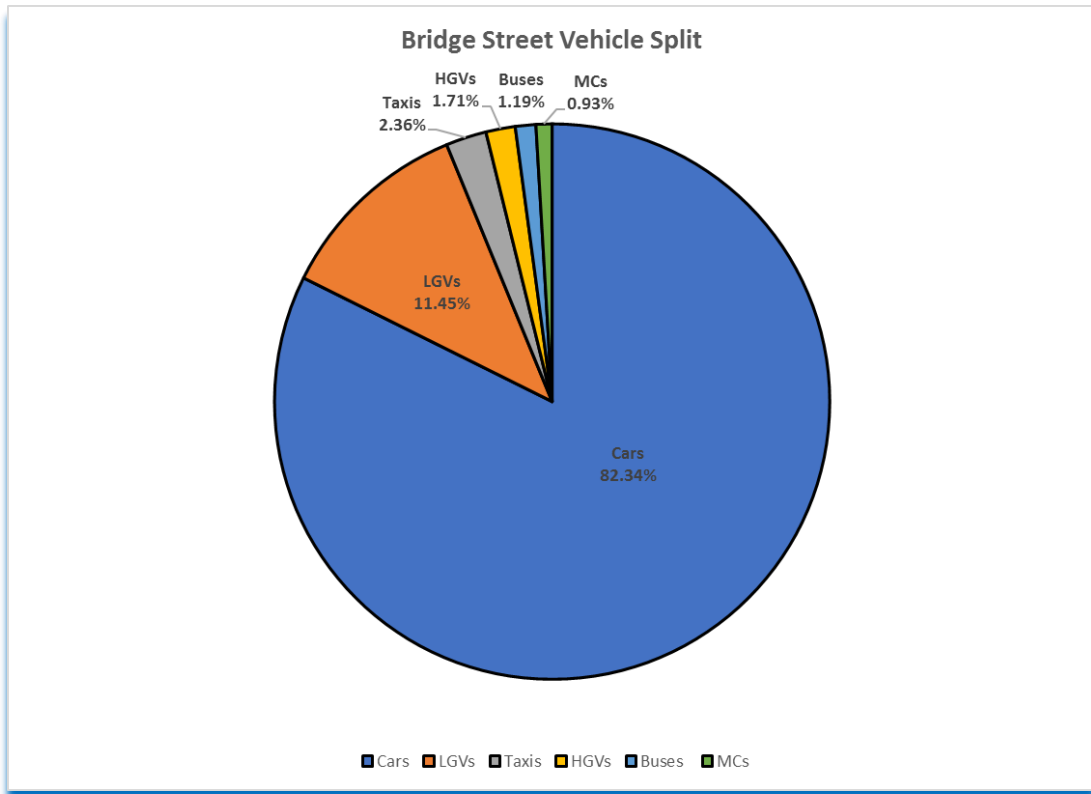
The traffic data survey was undertaken along Bridge Street on the 11th November 2021 observing traffic travelling southbound along the one-way section of road. The plan below shows the study area and location of monitoring point BRS2.

Figure 2.4 Bridge Street (BRS2) Study Area



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The traffic survey showed the following split of vehicles within Bridge Street.



The emissions output based on traffic composition show the following roadside contributions.

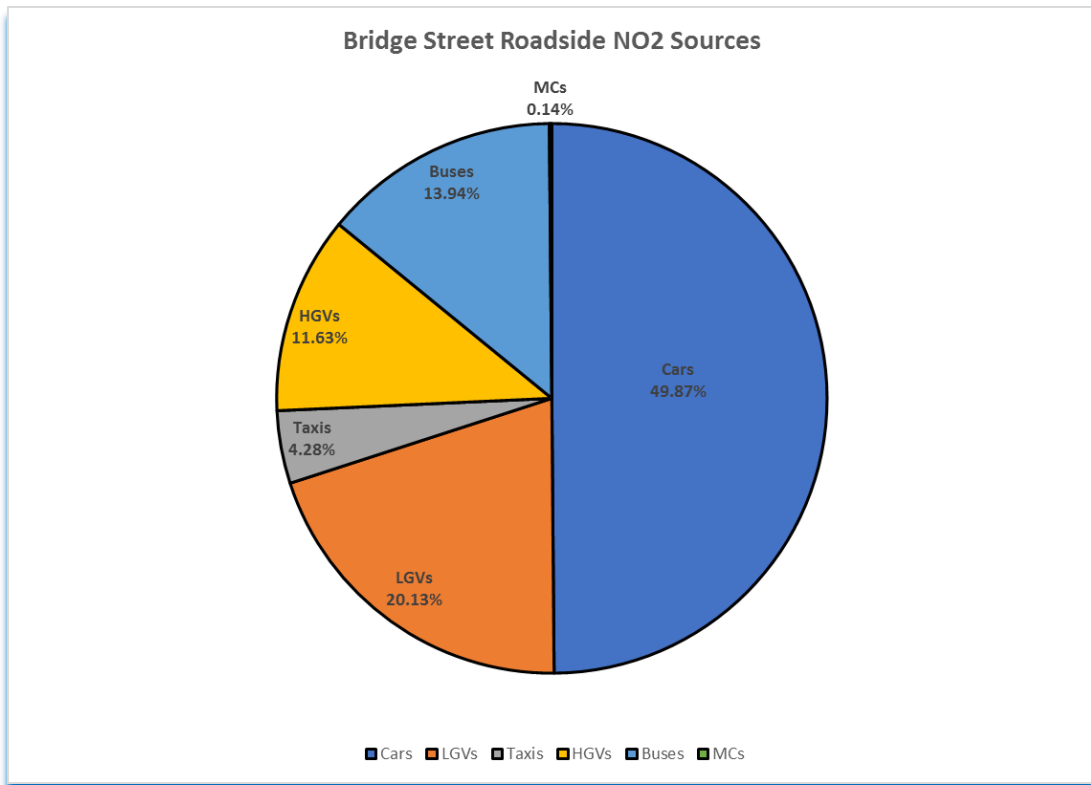


Table 6.4 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at BRS2

Bridge Street (BRS2) Reduction in Emissions ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	17.24	1.724	3.448	5.172	6.896	8.62	10.344	12.068	13.792	15.516	17.24
Taxis	1.48	0.148	0.296	0.444	0.592	0.74	0.888	1.036	1.184	1.332	1.48
LGVs	6.96	0.696	1.392	2.088	2.784	3.48	4.176	4.872	5.568	6.264	6.96
HGVs	4.02	0.402	0.804	1.206	1.608	2.01	2.412	2.814	3.216	3.618	4.02
Buses	4.82	0.482	0.964	1.446	1.928	2.41	2.892	3.374	3.856	4.338	4.82
MC	0.05	0.005	0.01	0.015	0.02	0.025	0.03	0.035	0.04	0.045	0.05
Total Vehicles	34.57	3.457	6.914	10.371	13.828	17.285	20.742	24.199	27.656	31.113	34.57

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of $40\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective ($38\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective ($36\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

Table 6 previously highlighted that a reduction of $9.61\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ would be required to meet the national objective, $11.72\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 5% below the objective, and $13.79\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 10% below, based on concentrations monitored at location BRS2.

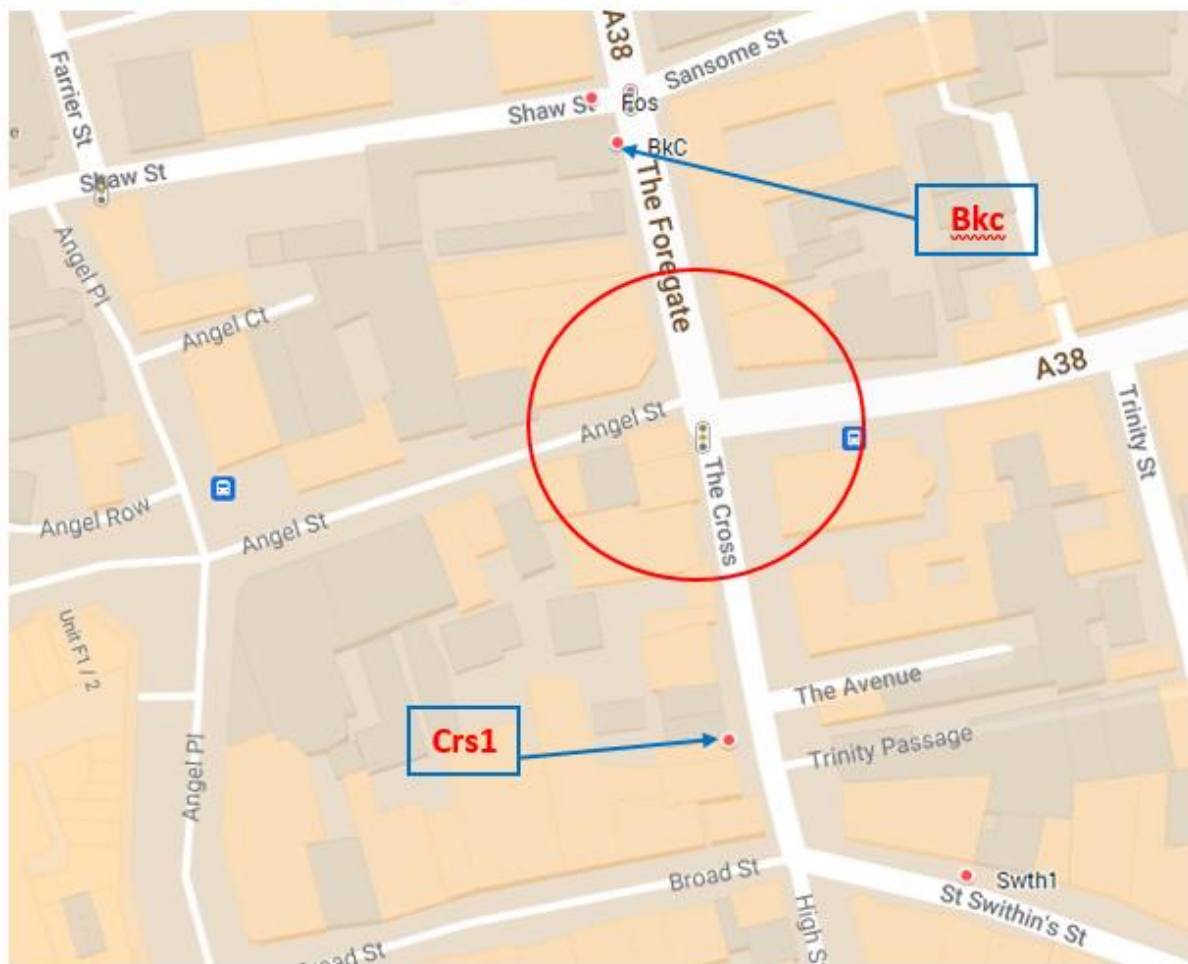
Table 6.4 indicates that to achieve the NO_2 results highlighted above reductions targeting individual types of vehicle in isolation generally would not lead to the annual mean objective being achieved. The data indicates that a 60% or more reduction in the number of cars would be required to meet the objective.

Actions to improve emissions are therefore likely needed to target more than one vehicle type to achieve the desired reduction. Table 6.4 demonstrates that a reduction of 30% or more is required across all vehicle types to meet the objective, a 40% or greater reduction would achieve concentrations 10% below the objective.

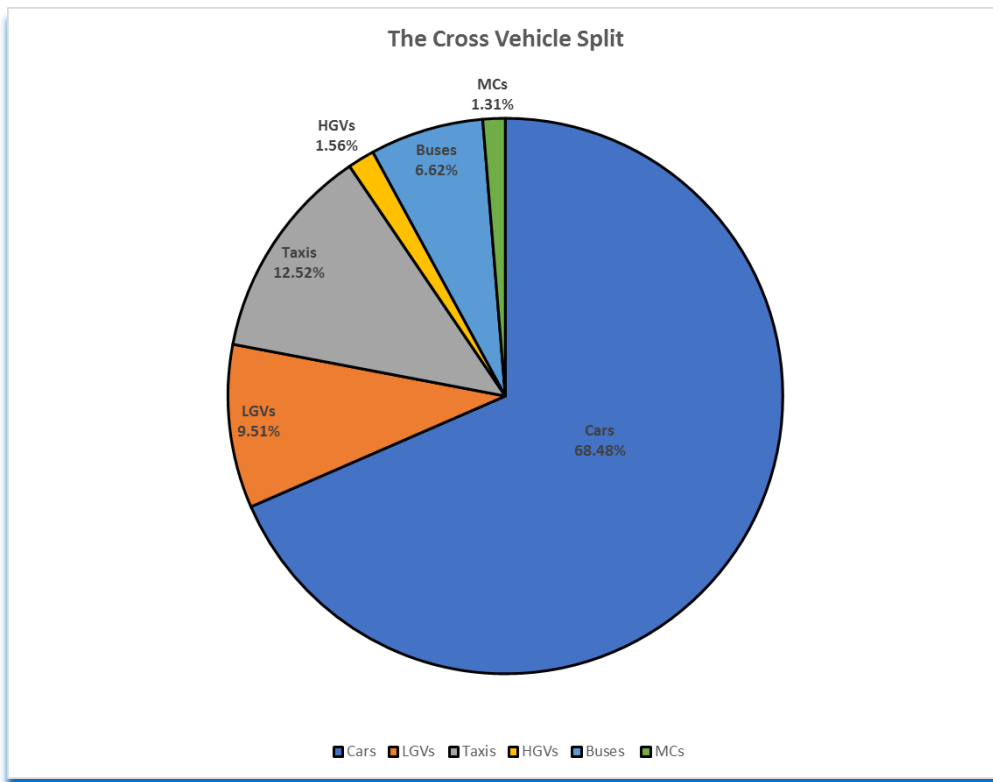
6.5 The Cross (Bkc)

The traffic data survey was undertaken at the Cross on the 11th November 2021 observing traffic utilising the crossroads, consisting of The Foregate, St Nicholas Street, The Cross and Angel Street. Figure 2.5 below shows the study area and location of monitoring points Bkc and Crs1. Monitoring location Bkc was utilised within the study as it is located slightly closer to the crossroads than Crs and has recorded higher concentrations of NO₂. Given these factors Bkc was considered the most representative monitoring location.

Figure 2.5 The Cross (Bkc) Study Area



The traffic survey showed the following proportion of vehicles within the Cross.



The emissions output based on traffic composition show the following roadside contributions.

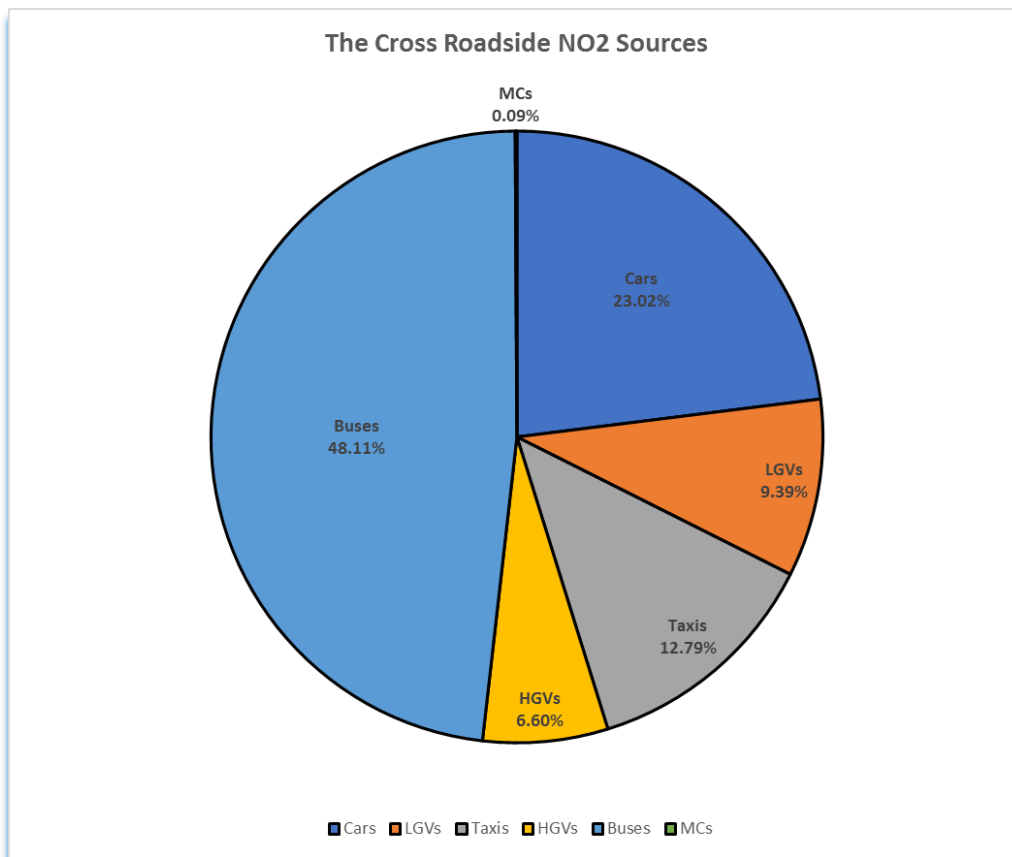


Table 6.5 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at Bkc

The Cross (Bkc) Reduction in Emissions (µg/m ³)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	7.67	0.767	1.534	2.301	3.068	3.835	4.602	5.369	6.136	6.903	7.67
Taxis	4.26	0.426	0.852	1.278	1.704	2.13	2.556	2.982	3.408	3.834	4.26
LGVs	3.13	0.313	0.626	0.939	1.252	1.565	1.878	2.191	2.504	2.817	3.13
HGVs	2.2	0.22	0.44	0.66	0.88	1.1	1.32	1.54	1.76	1.98	2.2
Buses	16.03	1.603	3.206	4.809	6.412	8.015	9.618	11.221	12.824	14.427	16.03
MC	0.03	0.003	0.006	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.018	0.021	0.024	0.027	0.03
Total Vehicles	33.32	3.332	6.664	9.996	13.328	16.66	19.992	23.324	26.656	29.988	33.32

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of 40µg/m³

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective (38µg/m³)

***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective (36µg/m³)

As indicated in table 6 previously a reduction of 8.22µg/m³ would be required to meet the national objective, 10.34µg/m³ for 5% below the objective, and 12.42µg/m³ to achieve 10% below, based on concentrations recorded at monitoring location Bkc.

Table 6.5 above indicates that a reduction in bus emissions of 60% or more would be needed to meet the annual mean objective. Actions to improve emissions are therefore likely needed to target more than one vehicle type to achieve the desired reduction. A reduction of 30% is required across all vehicle types to meet the objective, a 40% or greater reduction would achieve concentrations 10% below the objective.

6.6 All Saints Road (DDASH)

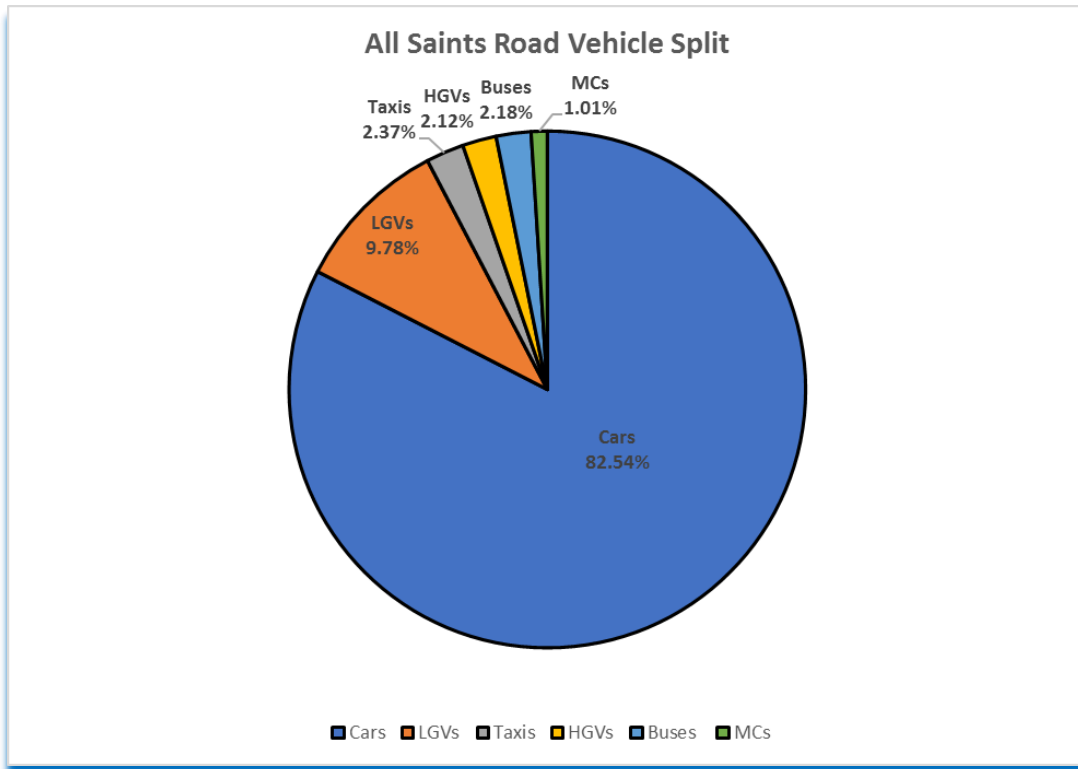
The traffic data survey was undertaken along the one-way All Saints Road on the 11th November 2021. Figure 2.6 below shows the study area and location of monitoring point DDASH.

Figure 2.6 All Saints Road (DDASH) Study Area



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The traffic survey showed the following proportion of vehicles on All Saints Road.



The emissions output based on traffic composition show the following roadside contributions.

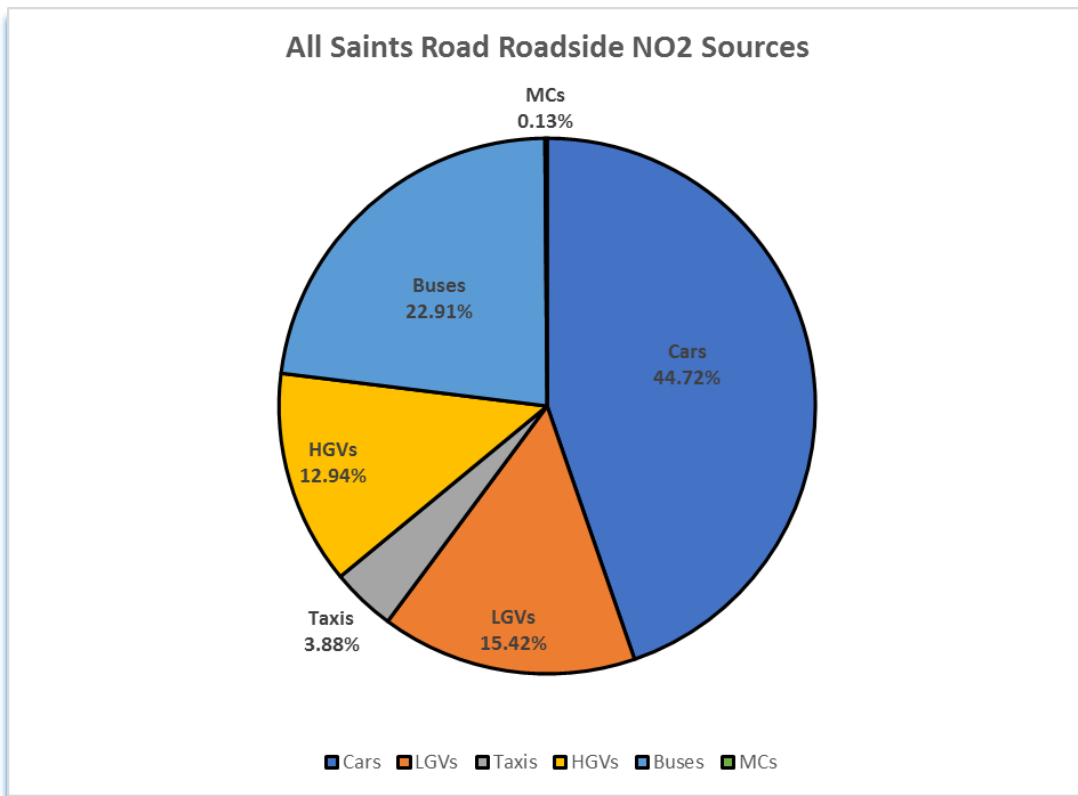


Table 6.6 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at DDASH

All Saints Road (DDASH) Reduction in Emissions ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	13.72	1.372	2.744	4.116	5.488	6.86	8.232	9.604	10.976	12.348	13.72
Taxis	1.19	0.119	0.238	0.357	0.476	0.595	0.714	0.833	0.952	1.071	1.19
LGVs	4.73	0.473	0.946	1.419	1.892	2.365	2.838	3.311	3.784	4.257	4.73
HGVs	3.97	0.397	0.794	1.191	1.588	1.985	2.382	2.779	3.176	3.573	3.97
Buses	7.03	0.703	1.406	2.109	2.812	3.515	4.218	4.921	5.624	6.327	7.03
MC	0.04	0.004	0.008	0.012	0.016	0.02	0.024	0.028	0.032	0.036	0.04
Total Vehicles	30.68	3.068	6.136	9.204	12.272	15.34	18.408	21.476	24.544	27.612	30.68

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of $40\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective ($38\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective ($36\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

As previously highlighted a reduction of $5.28\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or more would be required to meet the national objective, $7.42\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 5% below the objective, and $9.53\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 10% below, based on concentrations monitored at location DDASH..

Table 6.6 above indicates that a 40% or more reduction in the number of cars or 80% reduction in buses would be required to achieve the objective. A 20% reduction across all vehicle types is needed to meet the objective, a 30% reduction would achieve concentrations 5% below the objective, and a 40% or more reduction would be necessary to reach 10% below the objective. Unlike many of the study areas the data from All Saints Road indicates that the required reductions could be achieved by targeting various combinations of two or more categories.

6.7 Lowesmoor (Lwm1)

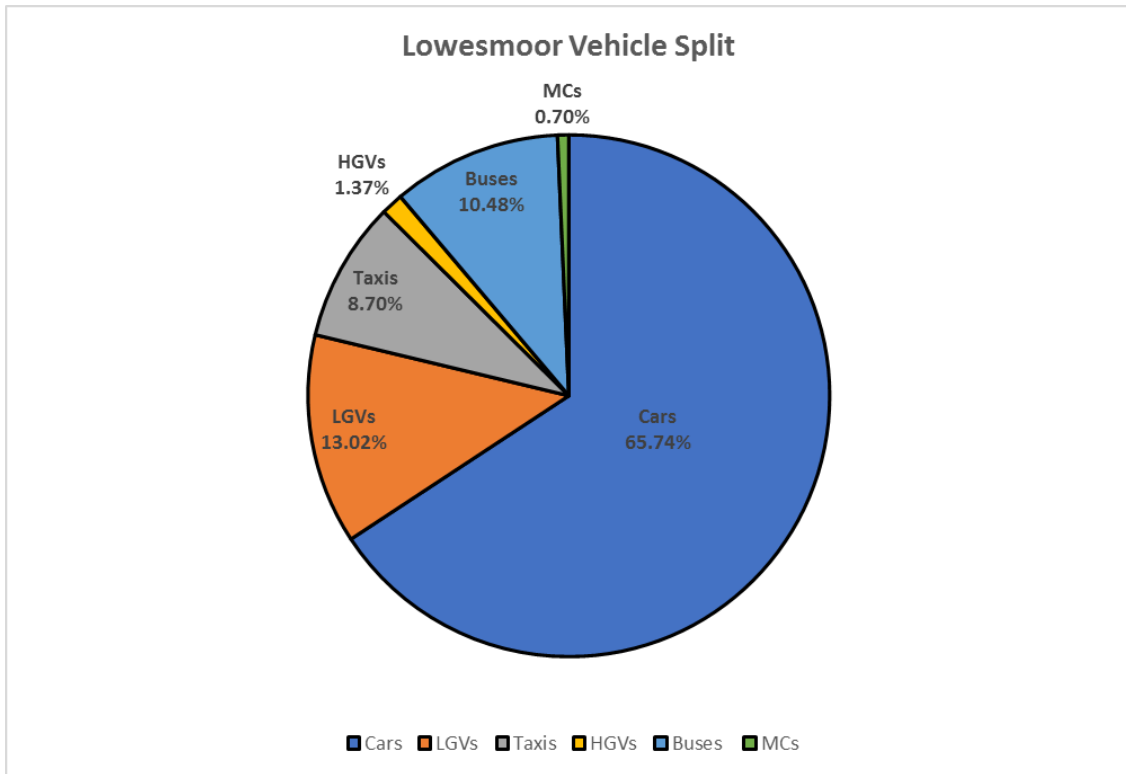
The traffic data survey was undertaken within Lowesmoor on the 11th November 2021 observing traffic travelling westbound and eastbound. Figure 2.7 below shows the study area and location of monitoring point Lwm1. Monitoring location Lwm1 was utilised within the study as the recorded concentrations have been consistently higher than Lwm2 and therefore is the most representative monitoring location.

Figure 2.7 Lowesmoor (Lwm1) Study Area



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The traffic survey showed the following proportion of vehicles in Lowesmoor.



The emissions output based on traffic composition show the following roadside contributions.

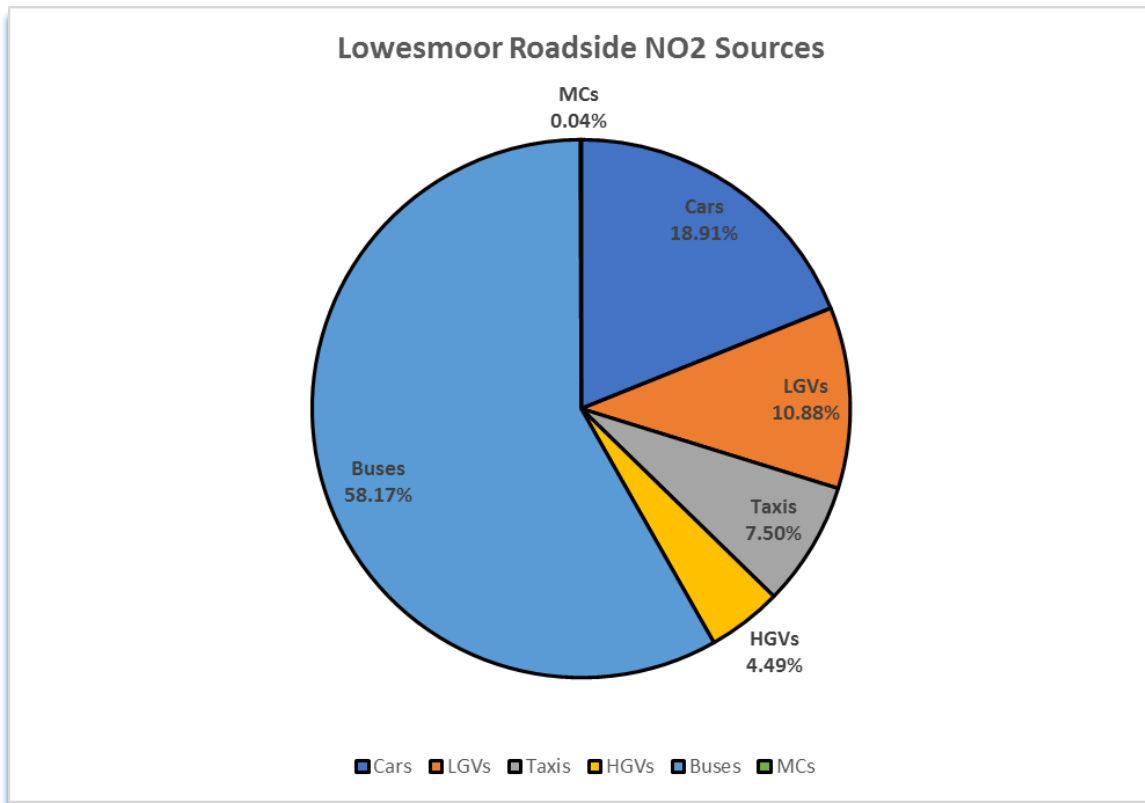


Table 6.7 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at Lwm1

Lowesmoor (Lwm1) Reduction in Emissions (µg/m3)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	5.09	0.509	1.018	1.527	2.036	2.545	3.054	3.563	4.072	4.581	5.09
Taxis	2.02	0.202	0.404	0.606	0.808	1.01	1.212	1.414	1.616	1.818	2.02
LGVs	2.93	0.293	0.586	0.879	1.172	1.465	1.758	2.051	2.344	2.637	2.93
HGVs	1.21	0.121	0.242	0.363	0.484	0.605	0.726	0.847	0.968	1.089	1.21
Buses	15.66	1.566	3.132	4.698	6.264	7.83	9.396	10.962	12.528	14.094	15.66
MC	0.01	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.01
Total Vehicles	26.92	2.692	5.384	8.076	10.768	13.46	16.152	18.844	21.536	24.228	26.92

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of 40µg/m³

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective (38µg/m³)

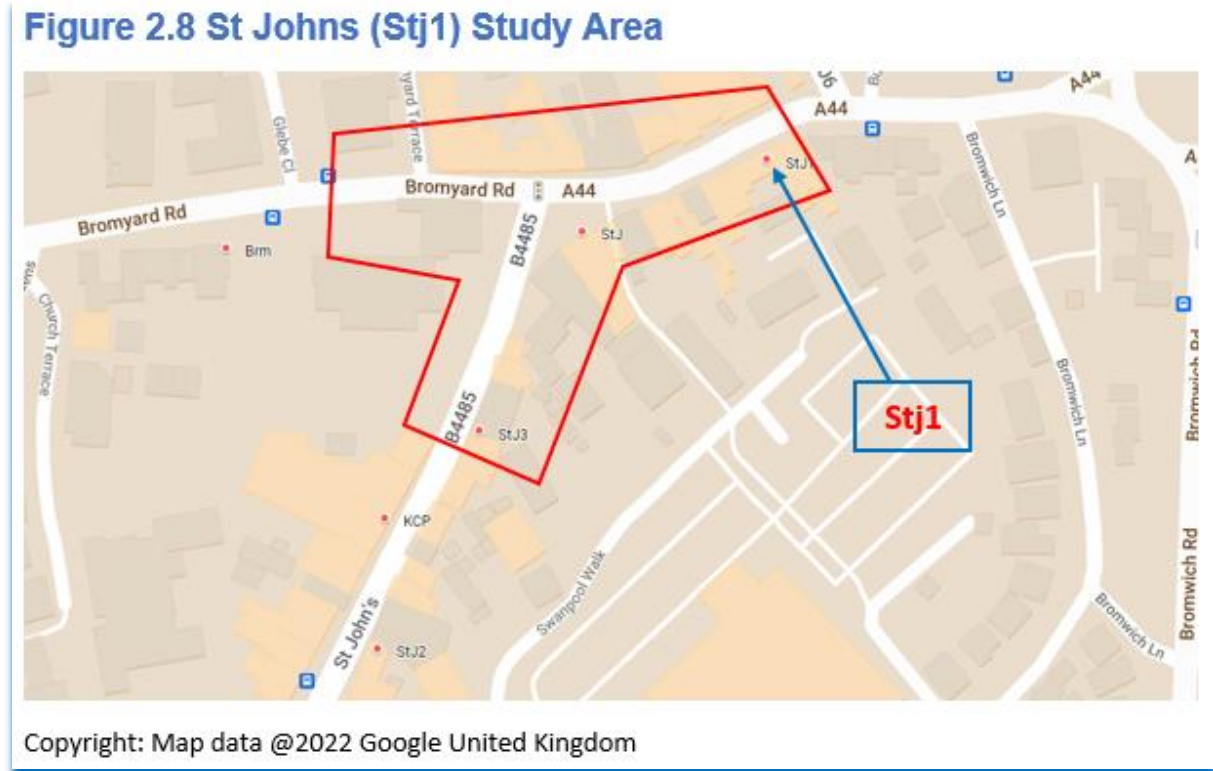
***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective (36µg/m³)

As previously highlighted in Table 6 a reduction of 1.38µg/m³ or more would be required to meet the national objective, 3.53µg/m³ for 5% below the objective, and 5.65µg/m³ for 10% below, based on concentrations monitored at location Lwm1.

Table 6.7 above indicates that a 10% or more reduction in bus emissions, 30% or more reduction in cars, or a 50% reduction in LGVs would satisfy the objective. A 10% reduction across all vehicle types would meet the objective, a 20% reduction would achieve concentrations 5% below the objective, and a 30% or more reduction would achieve 10% below the objective. Unlike many of the other study areas the reduction required to meet the target in Lowesmoor is relatively small and therefore could be achieved by various combinations of categories or the individual vehicle types mentioned previously.

6.8 St Johns (Stj1)

A source apportionment exercise was undertaken by WRS in 2017 and has not been repeated as part of the more recent studies. The study site including monitoring locations is shown on the plan below.



The nominal reductions per vehicle type for emissions at the most representative monitoring location Stj1, are shown in table 6.8 below.

Table 6.8 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at Stj1

St Johns (Stj1) Reduction in Emissions ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	11.6	1.16	2.32	3.48	4.64	5.8	6.96	8.12	9.28	10.44	11.6
LGVs	3.3	0.33	0.66	0.99	1.32	1.65	1.98	2.31	2.64	2.97	3.3
HGVs	3.1	0.31	0.62	0.93	1.24	1.55	1.86	2.17	2.48	2.79	3.1
Buses	10.3	1.03	2.06	3.09	4.12	5.15	6.18	7.21	8.24	9.27	10.3
Total Vehicles	28.3	2.83	5.66	8.49	11.32	14.15	16.98	19.81	22.64	25.47	28.3

**reductions that would achieve the national objective of $40\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$*

***reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective ($38\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)*

****reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective ($36\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)*

The source apportionment study indicates that a reduction of $4.76\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or more would be required to meet the national objective, $6.95\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 5% below the objective, and

9.09µg/m³ for 10% below, based on concentrations monitored at location Stj1. Outside of regional and local background concentrations, the largest roadside vehicle contributions to emissions were identified as cars (40.92%) and buses (36.36%).

Table 6.8 above indicates that a 50% or more reduction in cars or buses would satisfy the objective. A 20% reduction across all vehicle types would meet the objective, a 30% reduction would achieve concentrations 5% below the objective, and a 40% or more reduction would achieve 10% below the objective. It should be noted that taxis were not differentiated as part of the traffic survey

The report summarised: - *“Targeting individual types of vehicles on these local roads in isolation would not lead to the annual mean objective being achieved unless the reductions are very large (between 40 and 50%). However, a reduction in total vehicle emissions of around 20% or targeting a combination of 30% cars and buses would be potentially effective measures for achieving the objective. Greater reductions will be required to achieve more sustainable targets of 5 or 10% below the objective”.*

A full version of the report can be accessed on the WRS website via the following link: -

[source-apportionment-for-st-johns-worcester-aqma-final.pdf \(worcsregservices.gov.uk\)](https://www.worcsregservices.gov.uk/source-apportionment-for-st-johns-worcester-aqma-final.pdf)

6.9 London Road

A source apportionment exercise was undertaken on behalf of WRS in 2017 during a detailed assessment for London Road by Air Quality Consultants (*Detailed Assessment of Air Quality along London Road, Worcester for Worcester City Council – July 2017*). This has not been repeated as part of the more recent studies.

As the study was undertaken as part of a detailed assessment it included air quality modelling at numerous sensitive receptors along the road corridor. The highest predicted concentration was recorded at R12 (5 London Road) and therefore this location was used for calculating required emissions reductions for source apportionment. The modelled receptors from the study are shown on the plan below in Figure 2.9: -

Figure 2.9 London Road Study Area (from 2017 AQC Report)



Figure 2: Receptor Locations

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The nominal reductions per vehicle type for emissions at the modelled location R12, as calculated from the report, are shown in table 6.9 below.

Table 6.9 Required reduction in annual mean concentration at R12

London Road (R12) Reduction in Emissions (µg/m3)											
Vehicle Type	Total Emissions	10% reduction	20% reduction	30% reduction	40% reduction	50% reduction	60% reduction	70% reduction	80% reduction	90% reduction	100% reduction
Cars	13.41	1.341	2.682	4.023	5.364	6.705	8.046	9.387	10.728	12.069	13.41
LGVs	5.14	0.514	1.028	1.542	2.056	2.57	3.084	3.598	4.112	4.626	5.14
HGVs	8.78	0.878	1.756	2.634	3.512	4.39	5.268	6.146	7.024	7.902	8.78
Buses	1.31	0.131	0.262	0.393	0.524	0.655	0.786	0.917	1.048	1.179	1.31
MC	0.03	0.003	0.006	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.018	0.021	0.024	0.027	0.03
Total Vehicles	28.67	2.867	5.734	8.601	11.468	14.335	17.202	20.069	22.936	25.803	28.67

*reductions that would achieve the national objective of 40µg/m³

**reductions that would achieve 5% below the objective (38µg/m³)

***reductions that would achieve 10% below the objective (36µg/m³)

The source apportionment study carried out as part of the 2017 detailed assessment indicates that a reduction of $8.056\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or more would be required to meet the national objective. Calculations for further reductions were not included in the report but would be approximately $10.137\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ to achieve 5% below the objective, and $12.182\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for 10% below, based on modelled concentrations at location R12.

Outside of regional and local background concentrations (which would make up 39.27% of all contributions if included), the largest roadside vehicle contributions to emissions were identified as cars (46.77%), HGVs (30.62%), and LGVs (17.93%).

Table 6.9 above indicates that it would require at least a 70% reduction in emissions from cars or 100% removal of HGVs to satisfy the objective. A 30% reduction across all vehicle types would meet the objective, a 40% reduction would achieve concentrations 5% below the objective, and a 50% or more reduction would be necessary to achieve 10% below the objective.

The report summarises with the following: -

“Source apportionment of the local traffic emissions has been undertaken. This shows that, in the majority of cases, local background concentrations contribute the largest proportion to the overall concentration, followed by emissions from cars on the local roads. In a number of cases, emissions from regional background and HGVs also contribute a significant proportion to the overall concentration.

A reduction in traffic emissions along predominantly London Road would result in a decrease in the concentrations of nitrogen dioxide. Reductions in vehicle emissions from local traffic of up to 28.1% would be required to achieve the annual mean nitrogen dioxide objective where the highest concentrations are predicted to occur” (Detailed Assessment of Air Quality along London Road, Worcester for Worcester City Council – Air Quality Consultants – July 2017 (pg.20).

6.10 Overview of all Locations

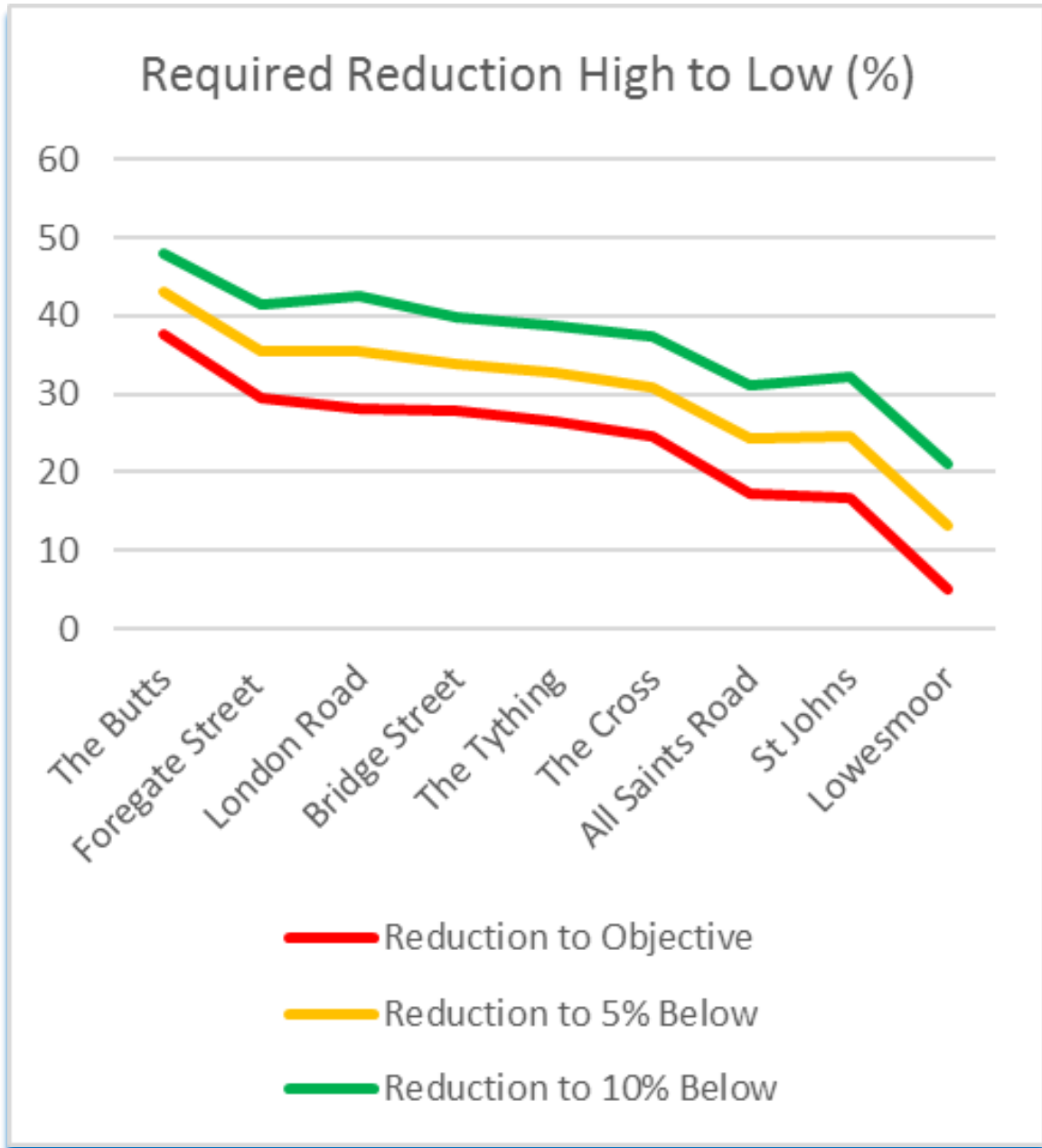
The source apportionment study undertaken is comprised of a number of separate areas or sections of the road network where exceedances of the annual mean objective for nitrogen dioxide has been identified via the monitoring network. Source apportionment for two of the areas, London Road and St Johns, was carried out separately in 2017 prior to the declaration of the citywide AQMA as each represented an area of concern at that time. Since then other areas of concern (the Tything, Foregate Street, the Butts, the Cross, Bridge Street, All Saints Road, and Lowesmoor) have presented themselves and have been looked at in detail above. Each study area is subject to different conditions and usage and therefore the outcomes vary between the locations as would be expected although there are similarities in some areas. To try and provide more of an overview and understand commonality between the areas, Table 6.10 below, presents the summary of findings.

Table 6.10 Comparison of Emissions Reductions at All Locations

Location	Emission Reduction Required to Meet Objective	All Vehicle Reduction to Meet Objective (%)	Reduction for 5% b/l objective (%)	Reduction for 10% b/l objective (%)	Highest Roadside Contributor	2nd Roadside Contributor	3rd Roadside Contributor	4th Roadside Contributor	Single Vehicle Reduction to Achieve Objective
The Tything	8.91	26.5	32.7	38.8	Diesel Cars 41.9%	Diesel LGVs 18.3%	Buses 13.7%	HGVs 12.4%	Cars 60%
Foregate Street	10.34	29.6	35.6	41.4	Diesel Cars 30.12%	Buses 30.08%	Taxis 13.41%	Diesel LGVs 13.3%	Cars 90% / Buses 100%
The Butts	14.63	37.7	43	48.1	Buses 57.03%	Diesel Cars 19.15%	Diesel LGVs 9.37%	Taxis 6.26%	Buses 70%
Bridge Street	9.61	27.8	33.9	39.9	Diesel Cars 43.38%	Diesel LGVs 20.09%	Buses 13.93%	HGVs 11.63%	Cars 60%
The Cross	8.22	24.7	31	37.3	Buses 48.1%	Diesel Cars 20.15%	Taxis 12.79%	Diesel LGVs 9.36%	Buses 60%
All Saints Road	5.28	17.2	24.2	31.1	Diesel Cars 39.03%	Buses 22.09%	Diesel LGVs 15.38%	HGVs 12.94%	Cars 40% / Buses 80%
Lowesmoor	1.38	5.1	13.1	21	Buses 58.19%	Diesel Cars 16.44%	Diesel LGVs 10.84%	Taxis 7.51%	Buses 10% / Cars 30% / LGVs 50% / Taxis 70%
St Johns	4.76	16.8	24.6	32.1	Buses 36.36%	Diesel Cars 35.16%	Diesel LGVs 11.41%	HGVs 11.08%	Cars 50% / Buses 50%
London Road	8.06	28.1	35.4	42.5	Cars - 46.77%	HGVs- 30.62%	LGVs - 17.93%	Buses - 4.57%	Cars 70% / HGVs 100%

The required reductions to meet the objective, and to achieve 5% and 10% below the objective, are presented in the graph below from highest to lowest.

Figure 3.0 Reductions Required at Each Location



When comparing the equivalent NO₂ reduction required, demonstrated in Tables 6 to 6.10, the results highlight that targeting individual categories of vehicle in isolation would not lead to the annual mean objective being achieved within most of the areas of concern unless the reductions were very large. The exception to this is within Lowesmoor where the required reduction is relatively small and therefore could be achieved by reducing emissions across all vehicle categories, or numbers of one type of vehicle, to the desired level.

In reality, in most cases, actions to improve emissions are likely to have to target more than one type of vehicle. Table 6.10 illustrates that:

- The required reduction across all vehicle types varies between the lowest of 5.1% at Lowesmoor and a highest of 37.7% at the Butts to achieve the objective. A 16.8% to 29.6% reduction is required at all other areas.
- A 13.1% to 43% reduction across all vehicle types is required to achieve concentrations 5% below the objective.
- A 21% to 48.1% reduction across all vehicle types is required to achieve concentrations 10% below the objective.
- Reducing emissions from cars and buses by 25% in St Johns, 30% in All Saints Road, 40% at the Cross, and 50% at the Butts and Foregate Street would potentially be effective measures for achieving the objective.
- Reducing emissions from cars and LGVs by 40% within the Tything and Bridge Street would potentially be an effective measure for achieving the objective.
- Reducing emissions from cars and HGVs by 40% within the London Road would potentially be an effective measure for achieving the objective.
- Reducing emissions from buses by 10% or cars and LGVs by 20% within Lowesmoor would potentially be effective measures for achieving the objective.

7.0 Summary and Conclusions

Worcester City Council consolidated a number of existing AQMAs by declaration of the Worcester City AQMA (Political Boundary of Worcester City) on the 11th June 2019 for likely breach of the nitrogen dioxide annual mean. The AQMA encompasses the boundary of the district.

Source apportionment of background and local sources has been undertaken to inform the development of an Air Quality Action Plan. The source apportionment exercise has been undertaken following guidance set out in LAQM Technical Guidance 16.

Work previously commenced at the start of 2020 but was suspended due to the outbreak of the Covid-19 Pandemic which had severe impacts on traffic movements and behaviour. The level of traffic flow was deemed to have returned to normal, or as near as could be expected, towards the end of 2021 and therefore progress was resumed, and the outstanding traffic surveys carried out.

Source apportionment studies have been carried out for a number of areas of concern within the city; the Tything, Foregate Street, the Butts, the Cross, Bridge Street, All Saints Road, and Lowesmoor. Source apportionment was undertaken previously for St Johns and London Road in 2017. These reports have been reviewed and relevant data presented to feed into this study. Section 6 of this report provides a review in relation to each specific area of concern.

The outcome of the source apportionment exercise shows that background concentration contributes a significant proportion of the overall concentration of NO₂ measured within each of the study areas varying from 25.97% to 39.27%. Cars were shown to comprise the largest proportion of traffic volume with between 65.74% and 82.54% contributing to between 18.91% and 49.87% of vehicle source emissions. Buses comprise a much smaller proportion of the traffic volume ranging between 1.19% and 10.47% but contributing much larger proportions of vehicle emissions of between 13.7% and 58.19%.

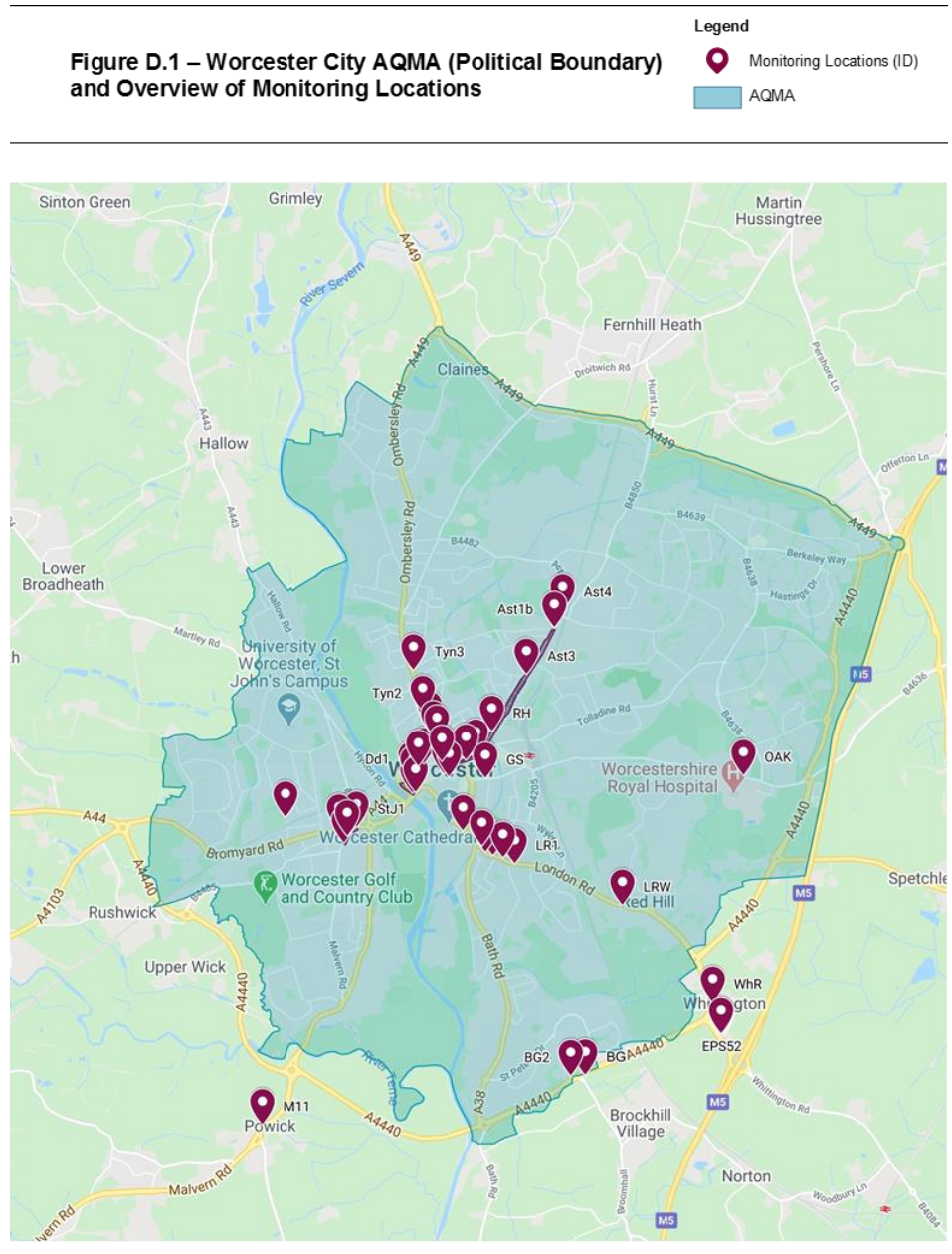
Targeting individual types of vehicles in isolation within most areas of concern is unlikely to lead to the annual mean objective being achieved unless the reductions are very large. For example, reductions of 50% or greater in the emissions from cars would be required within 5

of the areas, with a 100% reduction not being sufficient to achieve compliance within 2 of the locations. In those two locations a 60 to 70% reduction in the number of buses would be necessary to attain the objective. Lowesmoor is an exception where relatively small reductions across one or more vehicle types could see concentrations of NO₂ fall to within the desired levels.

For the majority of the locations it is likely that a reduction across all vehicle types, or combination of several categories, would be required to achieve the objective. The data indicates that a maximum reduction in NO₂ of 37.7% would be required to achieve the objective within all areas. A maximum reduction of 43% would be necessary across all vehicle types to achieve results 5% below the objective, and 48.1% to achieve 10% below the objective.

Appendix A – AQMA & diffusion tube location plans


Figure A1: Worcester City Wide AQMA plan




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Appendix B – EFT data inputs & outputs

Table B1: Traffic count data

 worcestershire county council		Classification Count Sheet																
		Site Number. 2009500 Road No. A38 Location. The Tything, Worcester Day&Date. Tuesday, 3.3.2020 Remarks. North of St. Marys St.																
Hour Commencing		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Vehicles
Pedal	NB	0	6	9	3	3	7	3	7	6	10	15	19	14	0	0	0	102
	SB	0	27	35	12	11	10	7	8	7	8	13	13	12	0	0	0	163
	Both	0	33	44	15	14	17	10	15	13	18	28	32	26	0	0	0	265
Motor	To	0	5	5	3	3	3	10	9	4	3	8	5	3	0	0	0	61
	From	0	5	6	3	5	4	7	4	9	3	9	4	4	0	0	0	63
	Both	0	10	11	6	8	7	17	13	6	17	9	7	0	0	0	124	
Cars	To	0	678	618	494	444	435	522	563	656	640	700	639	694	0	0	0	7083
	From	0	699	729	653	541	478	466	464	493	516	543	665	557	0	0	0	6804
	Both	0	1377	1347	1147	985	913	988	1027	1149	1156	1243	1304	1251	0	0	0	13887
Buses	To	0	7	11	9	11	8	9	8	12	14	9	6	4	0	0	0	108
	From	0	6	18	13	13	10	10	12	12	18	10	9	10	0	0	0	141
	Both	0	13	29	22	24	18	19	20	24	32	19	15	14	0	0	0	249
Light	To	0	99	86	78	84	90	86	88	95	108	76	56	49	0	0	0	995
	From	0	102	82	61	43	76	69	76	78	67	64	45	56	0	0	0	819
	Both	0	201	168	139	127	166	155	164	173	175	140	101	105	0	0	0	1814
Smaller	To	0	5	3	8	7	8	6	10	7	7	6	5	6	0	0	0	78
	From	0	8	12	10	15	7	9	5	5	2	4	3	3	0	0	0	83
	Both	0	13	15	18	22	15	15	15	12	9	10	8	9	0	0	0	161
Bigger	To	0	7	5	8	5	4	5	4	7	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	54
	From	0	7	9	7	4	5	4	3	4	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	50
	Both	0	14	14	15	9	9	9	7	11	6	4	4	2	0	0	0	104
3-Axle	To	0	2	2	2	5	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	26
	From	0	3	4	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	21
	Both	0	5	6	4	7	5	3	3	5	4	2	3	0	0	0	0	47
4 Axles or more	To	0	4	5	4	5	6	3	5	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	38
	From	0	4	2	5	5	2	3	2	6	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	37
	Both	0	8	7	9	10	8	6	7	9	5	3	1	2	0	0	0	75
Rigid/Artic	NB	0	813	744	609	567	564	646	696	793	790	818	734	771	0	0	0	8545
	SB	0	861	897	766	639	594	576	575	616	621	648	743	645	0	0	0	8181
	Both	0	1674	1641	1375	1206	1158	1222	1271	1409	1411	1466	1477	1416	0	0	0	16726

 worcestershire county council		Classification Count Sheet																
Site Number. 2009500B																		
Road No. A38		Location. The Tything, Worcester						Day&Date. Tuesday, 3.3.2020						Remarks. North of St. Marys St.				
Hour Commencing		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Vehicles
TAXIS	NB	0	13	19	19	19	18	18	17	27	27	21	18	20	0	0	0	236
	SB	0	14	12	19	22	18	14	13	25	22	12	11	17	0	0	0	199
	Both	0	27	31	38	41	36	32	30	52	49	33	29	37	0	0	0	435
Totals	NB	0	13	19	19	19	18	18	17	27	27	21	18	20	0	0	0	236
	SB	0	14	12	19	22	18	14	13	25	22	12	11	17	0	0	0	199
	Both	0	27	31	38	41	36	32	30	52	49	33	29	37	0	0	0	435



Classification Count Sheet

Site Number. 20090509

Road No. A38

Location. Foregate Street, Worcester

Day&Date. Tuesday, 10.3.2020

Remarks. (Shaw St. to Castle St.)

Hour Commencing		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Vehicles
Pedal	NB	0	10	12	5	7	16	9	9	9	12	12	28	10	0	0	0	139
	SB	0	14	18	9	5	11	6	5	9	6	4	1	2	0	0	0	90
	Both	0	24	30	14	12	27	15	14	18	18	16	29	12	0	0	0	229
Motor	To	0	2	2	2	4	2	1	5	3	3	5	4	5	0	0	0	38
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	2	2	2	4	2	1	5	3	3	5	4	5	0	0	0	38
Cars	To	0	255	303	247	252	260	248	286	354	371	377	471	378	0	0	0	3802
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	255	303	247	252	260	248	286	354	371	377	471	378	0	0	0	3802
Buses	To	0	9	8	13	13	12	12	10	8	5	8	7	4	0	0	0	109
	From	0	6	6	10	10	9	10	10	9	7	5	3	8	0	0	0	93
	Both	0	15	14	23	23	21	22	20	17	12	13	10	12	0	0	0	202
Light Goods Vehicles	To	0	46	40	49	47	46	41	44	45	48	46	36	26	0	0	0	514
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	46	40	49	47	46	41	44	45	48	46	36	26	0	0	0	514
Smaller 2-Axle Lorries	To	0	1	2	6	4	2	3	4	4	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	32
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	1	2	6	4	2	3	4	4	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	32
Bigger 2-Axle Lorries	To	0	2	5	8	3	1	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	33
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	2	5	8	3	1	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	33
3-Axle Rigid/Artic	To	0	5	3	2	1	3	2	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	24
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	5	3	2	1	3	2	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	24
4 Axles or more Rigid/Artic	To	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
Totals	NB	0	331	376	334	331	343	319	364	427	443	455	549	426	0	0	0	4698
	SB	0	20	24	19	15	20	16	15	18	13	9	4	10	0	0	0	183
	Both	0	351	400	353	346	363	335	379	445	456	464	553	436	0	0	0	4881



Classification Count Sheet

Site Number. 20090509B

Road No. A38		Location. Foregate Street, Worcester										Day&Date. Tuesday, 10.3.2020		Remarks. Shaw St. to Castle St.				
Hour Commencing		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Vehicles
TAXIS	To	0	15	25	39	24	27	31	31	26	28	26	29	26	0	0	0	327
	From	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	15	25	39	24	27	31	31	26	28	26	29	26	0	0	0	327
Totals	NB	0	15	25	39	24	27	31	31	26	28	26	29	26	0	0	0	327
	SB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Both	0	15	25	39	24	27	31	31	26	28	26	29	26	0	0	0	327



Classification Count Sheet

Site Number. 20090503

Road No. Location. The Butts, Worcester Day&Date. Thursday, 12.3.2020 Remarks. One way eastbound

Hour Commencing		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Vehicles
Pedal		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cycles	EB	0	9	5	6	3	1	2	4	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	34
	Both	0	9	5	6	3	1	2	4	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	34
Motor Cycles	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	From	0	6	2	2	3	6	3	3	2	1	4	3	4	0	0	0	39
	Both	0	6	2	2	3	6	3	3	2	1	4	3	4	0	0	0	39
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cars	From	0	402	410	331	283	275	280	353	306	309	434	376	347	0	0	0	4106
	Both	0	402	410	331	283	275	280	353	306	309	434	376	347	0	0	0	4106
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buses	From	0	32	45	41	53	50	46	51	49	44	60	46	45	0	0	0	562
	Both	0	32	45	41	53	50	46	51	49	44	60	46	45	0	0	0	562
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Light Goods Vehicles	From	0	71	54	49	49	47	48	50	57	55	63	42	32	0	0	0	617
	Both	0	71	54	49	49	47	48	50	57	55	63	42	32	0	0	0	617
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smaller 2-Axle Lorries	From	0	4	3	8	5	2	3	1	2	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	35
	Both	0	4	3	8	5	2	3	1	2	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	35
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigger 2-Axle Lorries	From	0	2	5	5	6	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	29
	Both	0	2	5	5	6	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	29
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rigid/Artic 3-Axle	From	0	3	4	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	17
	Both	0	3	4	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	17
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 Axles or more Rigid/Artic	From	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
	Both	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
	NB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	SB	0	529	530	446	405	385	385	464	420	412	565	474	432	0	0	0	5447
	Both	0	529	530	446	405	385	385	464	420	412	565	474	432	0	0	0	5447



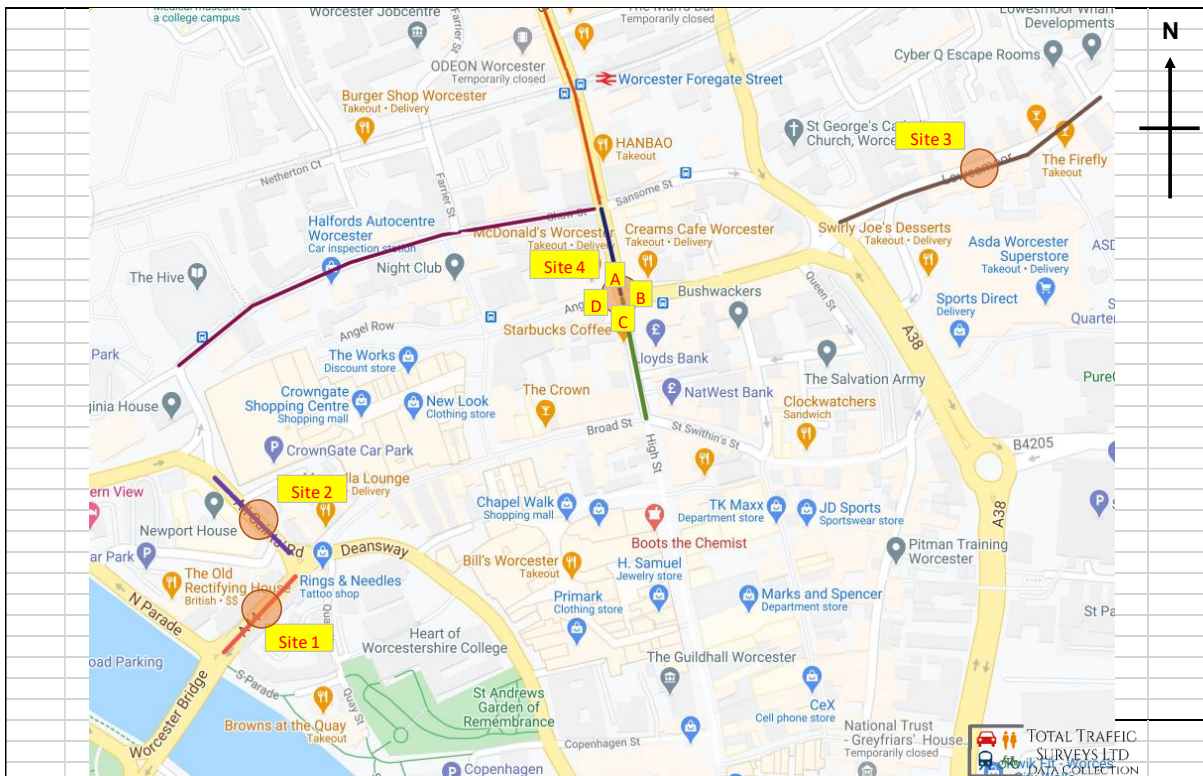
Classification Count Sheet

Site Number. 20090503B

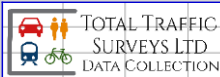
Road No.		Location. The Butts, Worcester										Day&Date. Thursday, 12.3.2020		Remarks. Taxis only				
Hour Commencing	To	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Vehicles
	To	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Taxis	EB	0	12	23	36	18	24	19	16	17	27	24	16	28	0	0	0	260
	Both	0	12	23	36	18	24	19	16	17	27	24	16	28	0	0	0	260
Totals	NB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SB	0	12	23	36	18	24	19	16	17	27	24	16	28	0	0	0	260
	Both	0	12	23	36	18	24	19	16	17	27	24	16	28	0	0	0	260



Job Title: Worcester Town Centre MCC's
Job Number: TTS-1320-Nov
Client: Worcestershire CC
Survey Date: Thursday 11th November 2021
Survey Period: 0700-1900
Survey Type: Manual Classified Counts
Comments: There were no incidents likely to affect the outcome of the surveys. Weather - Dry



SITE / LOCATION:	Worcester Town Centre MCC's	JOB NO:	TTS-1320	DWG NO:	TTS-1320-001	DRAWN:	SES
SURVEY DATE:	Thursday 11th November 2021	DWG TITLE:	Location Plan and Observed Movements				
SURVEY TIMES:	0700-1900	JOB TITLE:	Worcester Town Centre MCC's				



Job Title:
Job Number:
Survey Date:
Survey Type:

Worcester Town Centre MCC's
TTS-1320-Nov
Thursday 11th November 2021
Manual Classified Counts

Site: 1

Location: Bridge Street, Worcester

TIME	Southbound - One way								TOT
	PC	M/C	Cars	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	
07:00	1	3	149	0	50	8	5	5	221
07:15	2	0	235	1	71	10	2	5	326
07:30	5	3	324	9	67	6	4	4	422
07:45	2	1	316	9	80	8	1	8	425
HTOT	10	7	1024	19	268	32	12	22	1394
08:00	2	3	305	9	55	5	3	5	387
08:15	2	1	333	13	34	3	1	3	390
08:30	1	3	321	8	66	7	0	5	411
08:45	3	0	332	10	56	9	1	2	413
HTOT	8	7	1291	40	211	24	5	15	1601
09:00	1	2	270	9	65	6	5	8	366
09:15	2	1	240	15	64	10	6	3	341
09:30	1	0	221	9	45	6	0	7	289
09:45	0	3	213	7	47	6	1	3	280
HTOT	4	6	944	40	221	28	12	21	1276
10:00	1	1	199	4	37	5	4	5	256
10:15	0	3	252	6	47	11	2	3	324
10:30	0	7	246	9	50	5	1	9	327
10:45	1	2	248	7	31	4	3	5	301
HTOT	2	13	945	26	165	25	10	22	1208
11:00	0	0	256	4	51	7	5	5	328
11:15	0	3	252	6	44	6	0	4	315
11:30	0	2	273	8	47	8	2	5	345
11:45	2	5	293	3	54	5	1	5	368
HTOT	2	10	1074	21	196	26	8	19	1356
12:00	1	5	277	8	50	6	3	4	354
12:15	3	5	270	9	45	5	2	6	345
12:30	3	2	276	4	32	5	1	7	330
12:45	2	4	308	9	44	4	1	6	378
HTOT	9	16	1131	30	171	20	7	23	1407
13:00	5	7	282	2	39	4	1	3	343
13:15	1	4	294	2	42	6	3	3	355
13:30	1	1	276	8	48	8	4	6	352
13:45	3	6	292	5	42	7	1	6	362
HTOT	10	18	1144	17	171	25	9	18	1412
14:00	3	8	288	4	31	4	3	3	344
14:15	6	5	356	8	45	6	1	5	432
14:30	2	5	323	11	33	3	2	7	386
14:45	3	4	348	11	43	5	2	7	423
HTOT	14	22	1315	34	152	18	8	22	1585
15:00	1	4	345	20	39	5	2	5	421
15:15	4	5	335	8	43	5	2	7	409
15:30	2	4	356	13	40	5	1	6	427
15:45	2	3	391	8	45	7	0	3	459
HTOT	9	16	1427	49	167	22	5	21	1716
16:00	6	7	431	3	39	1	2	3	492
16:15	6	6	421	3	49	1	0	5	491
16:30	3	1	434	2	49	2	0	5	496
16:45	2	0	415	0	44	1	2	4	468
HTOT	17	14	1701	8	181	5	4	17	1947
17:00	1	2	431	0	45	1	0	5	485
17:15	5	5	443	0	30	1	0	5	489
17:30	3	3	415	1	34	0	2	0	458
17:45	3	11	412	0	29	1	0	2	458
HTOT	12	21	1701	1	138	3	2	12	1890
18:00	4	9	416	1	23	1	0	3	457
18:15	2	7	343	0	21	0	2	2	377
18:30	1	4	323	0	13	0	0	1	342
18:45	0	2	324	0	17	0	2	2	347
HTOT	7	22	1406	1	74	1	4	8	1523
P/TOT	104	172	15103	286	2115	229	86	220	18315




Job Title: Worcester Town Centre MCC's
Job Number: TTS-1320-Nov
Survey Date: Thursday 11th November 2021
Survey Type: Manual Classified Counts

Site: 2


Location: All Saints Road, Worcester

TIME	Southbound - One way								TOT
	PC	M/C	Cars	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	
07:00	0	1	128	1	30	10	3	8	181
07:15	1	1	193	2	50	9	3	8	267
07:30	1	2	270	5	47	4	2	4	335
07:45	0	2	269	2	48	4	2	10	337
HTOT	2	6	860	10	175	27	10	30	1120
08:00	1	1	288	3	35	2	3	6	339
08:15	1	3	273	6	35	4	0	8	330
08:30	1	2	237	8	39	7	0	7	301
08:45	0	4	229	11	37	8	1	9	299
HTOT	3	10	1027	28	146	21	4	30	1269
09:00	2	1	240	8	36	8	5	7	307
09:15	1	0	204	11	32	8	3	8	267
09:30	0	2	186	7	34	6	2	7	244
09:45	1	0	198	8	35	6	1	7	256
HTOT	4	3	828	34	137	28	11	29	1074
10:00	1	2	186	3	25	4	3	4	228
10:15	0	3	207	9	38	10	1	4	272
10:30	0	5	177	8	30	9	0	9	238
10:45	0	1	204	5	30	8	3	6	257
HTOT	1	11	774	25	123	31	7	23	995
11:00	0	1	182	6	29	9	4	9	240
11:15	0	2	212	6	33	4	1	5	263
11:30	0	3	203	6	29	8	3	7	259
11:45	0	3	188	4	29	5	3	6	238
HTOT	0	9	785	22	120	26	11	27	1000
12:00	1	3	213	8	28	6	3	5	267
12:15	3	2	219	8	27	7	2	9	277
12:30	0	4	237	6	15	4	1	9	276
12:45	1	6	246	6	29	2	3	7	300
HTOT	5	15	915	28	99	19	9	30	1120
13:00	1	5	188	3	31	5	2	7	242
13:15	0	4	230	3	20	6	2	7	272
13:30	1	4	205	7	31	7	2	7	264
13:45	0	7	209	4	39	5	2	6	272
HTOT	2	20	832	17	121	23	8	27	1050
14:00	1	6	220	5	30	7	2	4	275
14:15	0	4	244	6	21	6	1	10	292
14:30	0	2	249	4	25	1	4	8	293
14:45	0	5	262	5	30	3	11	5	321
HTOT	1	17	975	20	106	17	18	27	1181
15:00	1	2	221	6	14	2	1	11	258
15:15	1	4	251	4	29	6	3	7	305
15:30	0	0	319	5	31	3	0	6	364
15:45	0	3	288	6	36	5	0	5	343
HTOT	2	9	1079	21	110	16	4	29	1270
16:00	2	4	320	2	31	2	1	6	368
16:15	0	2	305	2	20	2	0	9	340
16:30	0	3	354	3	47	1	0	5	413
16:45	0	2	336	1	25	3	0	6	373
HTOT	2	11	1315	8	123	8	1	26	1494
17:00	0	1	334	1	28	1	0	5	370
17:15	0	2	338	2	17	2	0	10	371
17:30	0	3	338	2	31	0	0	2	376
17:45	0	8	329	1	19	0	0	5	362
HTOT	0	14	1339	6	95	3	0	22	1479
18:00	0	3	289	0	26	1	0	4	323
18:15	0	8	267	1	9	1	0	4	290
18:30	0	4	252	1	5	0	1	1	264
18:45	0	5	241	2	9	0	0	4	261
HTOT	0	20	1049	4	49	2	1	13	1138
P/TOT	22	145	11778	223	1404	221	84	313	14190


Worcester City Council

		Job Title: Worcester Town Centre MCC's Job Number: TTS-1320-Nov Survey Date: Thursday 11th November 2021 Survey Type: Manual Classified Counts																
		Site: 3 Location: Lowesmoor, Worcester																
TIME	Eastbound								TOT	Westbound								TOT
	PC	M/C	Cars	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV		PC	M/C	Cars	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	
07:00	3	0	48	1	13	0	0	4	69	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	5	9
07:15	1	1	74	2	23	1	0	3	105	1	0	3	0	1	1	0	5	11
07:30	2	0	71	2	22	0	1	3	101	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	12
07:45	1	0	69	3	18	3	0	3	97	2	0	7	2	1	0	1	4	17
HTOT	7	1	262	8	76	4	1	13	372	7	0	18	2	2	1	1	18	49
08:00	3	0	77	2	13	2	0	4	101	2	1	13	1	1	1	0	5	24
08:15	0	0	74	4	14	2	0	4	98	4	0	12	1	1	1	0	1	20
08:30	0	0	80	6	12	1	0	5	104	1	0	20	0	3	0	0	4	28
08:45	0	0	56	3	13	0	0	9	81	1	0	15	3	4	0	0	2	25
HTOT	3	0	287	15	52	5	0	22	384	8	1	60	5	9	2	0	12	97
09:00	1	1	55	3	11	1	0	6	78	1	1	11	4	7	0	0	3	27
09:15	0	0	49	6	13	1	1	6	76	3	0	16	1	5	0	0	4	29
09:30	0	0	42	1	11	0	0	5	59	1	0	5	0	2	0	0	6	14
09:45	0	0	49	8	9	1	0	5	72	0	0	8	3	0	0	1	3	15
HTOT	1	1	195	18	44	3	1	22	285	5	1	40	8	14	0	1	16	85
10:00	0	0	39	3	16	2	0	3	63	0	0	11	0	1	0	0	3	15
10:15	1	0	38	8	13	1	0	5	66	0	0	9	0	1	0	0	5	15
10:30	2	0	48	3	13	1	1	5	73	0	0	7	2	3	0	0	5	17
10:45	0	1	56	7	16	0	0	7	87	1	0	10	2	3	0	0	2	18
HTOT	3	1	181	21	58	4	1	20	289	1	0	37	4	8	0	0	15	65
11:00	1	0	46	10	12	2	0	2	73	0	0	15	1	3	0	0	5	24
11:15	0	0	45	5	17	2	0	6	75	1	0	7	1	3	0	0	6	18
11:30	0	1	50	12	9	0	0	2	74	1	0	17	3	3	0	0	3	27
11:45	1	0	42	6	11	0	0	5	65	2	2	17	3	3	0	0	6	33
HTOT	2	1	183	33	49	4	0	15	287	4	2	56	8	12	0	0	20	102
12:00	3	2	50	4	14	2	0	5	80	1	0	9	1	1	1	0	3	16
12:15	0	0	43	4	11	2	0	3	63	1	0	21	5	1	1	0	3	32
12:30	0	0	60	7	10	0	0	4	81	3	0	13	3	0	0	0	8	27
12:45	0	0	47	6	7	3	0	9	72	0	0	20	1	3	0	0	3	27
HTOT	3	2	200	21	42	7	0	21	296	5	0	63	10	5	2	0	17	102
13:00	2	1	43	6	11	1	0	2	66	0	0	23	1	3	0	0	3	30
13:15	2	1	48	11	10	4	0	3	79	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	6	15
13:30	2	0	39	2	14	0	0	6	63	1	2	12	0	2	0	0	5	22
13:45	2	1	38	6	14	0	0	3	64	1	1	15	0	0	0	0	2	19
HTOT	8	3	168	25	49	5	0	14	272	2	3	59	1	5	0	0	16	86
14:00	4	1	38	2	11	4	1	3	64	4	0	9	0	1	0	0	5	19
14:15	0	1	50	6	9	1	0	4	71	5	0	17	1	3	0	1	3	30
14:30	0	1	51	7	12	1	0	3	75	4	0	16	0	2	1	0	5	28
14:45	2	4	36	5	4	2	0	4	57	0	0	15	0	1	0	0	5	21
HTOT	6	7	175	20	36	8	1	14	267	13	0	57	1	7	1	1	18	98
15:00	4	0	50	5	6	0	0	5	70	1	0	19	0	3	0	0	1	24
15:15	1	0	37	2	11	0	0	2	53	2	0	6	0	0	0	1	5	14
15:30	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	4	8	0	0	13	1	1	0	0	12	27
15:45	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	6	11	2	0	6	0	3	0	0	2	13
HTOT	8	0	92	8	17	0	0	17	142	5	0	44	1	7	0	1	20	78
16:00	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	10	1	0	12	2	0	0	0	2	17
16:15	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	8	0	0	11	1	1	0	0	3	16
16:30	5	0	4	0	1	0	0	9	19	4	1	13	0	1	0	0	4	23
16:45	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	5	12	5	0	13	0	0	0	0	2	20
HTOT	11	0	15	0	1	0	0	22	49	10	1	49	3	2	0	0	11	76
17:00	3	0	4	1	1	0	0	3	12	4	0	19	1	1	0	0	4	29
17:15	6	0	3	0	1	0	0	4	14	1	0	15	0	2	0	0	2	20
17:30	6	0	9	0	0	0	0	4	19	2	1	26	1	0	0	0	5	35
17:45	1	0	6	0	1	0	0	7	15	1	0	17	2	2	0	0	3	25
HTOT	16	0	22	1	3	0	0	18	60	8	1	77	4	5	0	0	14	109
18:00	3	0	6	0	1	0	0	7	17	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	4	21
18:15	2	0	8	0	0	0	0	8	18	1	1	19	0	6	0	0	3	30
18:30	0	1	45	3	2	0	0	6	57	1	1	23	3	1	0	0	3	32
18:45	0	0	55	2	4	0	0	7	68	1	0	21	1	0	0	0	3	26
HTOT	5	1	114	5	7	0	0	28	160	3	2	80	4	7	0	0	13	109
P/TOT	73	17	1894	175	434	40	4	226	2863	71	11	640	51	83	6	4	190	1056

Worcester City Council

 TOTAL TRAFFIC SURVEYS LTD DATA COLLECTION		Job Title: Worcester Town Centre MCC's Job Number: TTS-1320-Nov Survey Date: Thursday 11th November 2021 Survey Type: Manual Classified Counts																		
Site:	4																			
Location:	The Cross/The Foregate - 4 arm T/Signal Crossroads																			
TIME	B - C									TOT	B - D									TOT
	PC	MC	Car	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	PC		MC	Car	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV			
07:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12	14	
07:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	13	17	
07:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	6	9	
07:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	7	9	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	4	2	1	0	38	49	
08:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	7	11	
08:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	0	1	4	10	
08:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	9	14	
08:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	8	13	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	4	6	1	2	1	28	48	
09:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	11	17	
09:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	9	15	
09:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	5	0	0	0	6	14	
09:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	14	1	0	0	32	53	
10:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	5	
10:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	7	10	
10:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	7	9	
10:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7	
HTOT	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	23	31	
11:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	5	9	
11:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	7	11	
11:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	7	
11:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	9	12	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	10	2	0	0	25	39	
12:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	4	8	
12:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	5	8	
12:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	1	0	0	11	19	
12:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	6	9	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	10	2	0	0	26	44	
13:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	5	
13:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	8	10	
13:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	0	0	0	5	13	
13:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	10	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	14	0	0	0	20	38	
14:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	6	11	
14:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	
14:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	6	11	
14:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	7	12	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	2	7	1	0	0	23	39	
15:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	5	
15:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	6	10	
15:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	14	20	
15:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	6	9	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	13	0	0	0	29	44	
16:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	7	
16:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7	
16:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	9	16	
16:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	8	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	1	7	0	0	0	25	38	
17:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	11	
17:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	0	0	5	11	
17:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	7	11	
17:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	6	11	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	7	10	0	0	0	22	44	
18:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	3	0	0	0	5	13	
18:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	5	
18:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	3	0	0	0	6	15	
18:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	6	
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	10	7	0	0	0	17	39	
P/TOT	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	41	0	34	109	9	4	1	308	506	

Worcester City Council

	Job Title:	Worcester Town Centre MCC's
	Job Number:	TTS-1320-Nov
	Survey Date:	Thursday 11th November 2021
	Survey Type:	Manual Classified Counts

Site: 4

Location: The Cross/The Foregate - 4 arm T/Signal Crossroads

TIME	C - D									TOT	C - A									TOT
	PC	MC	Car	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOT		PC	MC	Car	Taxi	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOT	
07:00	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	3	0	2	3	0	0	11		
07:15	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	4	2	8	1	0	0	15		
07:30	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	9	4	4	1	0	0	20		
07:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	2	6	1	0	0	19		
HTOT	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	6	0	25	8	20	6	0	0	65		
08:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	2	1	0	0	0	10		
08:15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	7	4	4	2	0	0	20		
08:30	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	6	2	7	0	0	0	16		
08:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	7	1	0	0	16		
HTOT	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	5	0	24	11	19	3	0	0	62		
09:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	8	9	1	0	0	41		
09:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	18	6	4	1	0	0	30		
09:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	21	6	10	0	0	0	38		
09:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	4	12	1	0	0	33		
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	78	24	35	3	0	0	142		
10:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	24	6	4	3	0	0	38		
10:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	18	5	1	0	0	0	26		
10:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	5	9	1	0	0	34		
10:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	32	6	7	0	0	0	47		
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	93	22	21	4	0	0	145		
11:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	9	2	0	0	0	29		
11:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	6	2	0	0	0	36		
11:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	9	4	1	0	0	35		
11:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	23	8	4	1	0	0	38		
HTOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	90	32	12	2	0	0	138		
12:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	28	1	3	0	0	0	33		
12:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	18	5	2	0	0	0	26		
12:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	5	0	0	0	33		
12:45	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	19	5	4	1	0	0	31		
HTOT	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	83	21	14	1	0	0	123		
13:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	4	3	0	0	0	28		
13:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	26	7	3	0	0	0	37		
13:30	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	16	8	1	2	0	0	28		
13:45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	6	4	0	0	0	30		
HTOT	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	83	25	11	2	0	0	123		
14:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	17	6	2	0	0	0	26		
14:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	19	6	6	0	0	0	34		
14:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	18	9	2	0	0	0	31		
14:45	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	15	3	2	0	0	0	21		
HTOT	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	2	69	24	12	0	0	0	112		
15:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	15	4	2	0	0	0	25		
15:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	23	5	1	0	0	0	30		
15:30	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	17	4	2	0	0	0	25		
15:45	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	12	4	3	0	0	0	20		
HTOT	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	6	2	67	17	8	0	0	0	100		
16:00	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	11	7	2	0	0	0	20		
16:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	15	4	3	0	0	0	26		
16:30	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	14	1	7	0	0	0	24		
16:45	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	13	5	0	0	0	0	19		
HTOT	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	7	0	53	17	12	0	0	0	89		
17:00	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	16	1	2	0	0	0	20		
17:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	18	2	2	0	0	0	27		
17:30	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	19	2	4	0	0	0	26		
17:45	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	15	1	1	0	0	0	19		
HTOT	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	6	9	0	68	6	9	0	0	0	92		
18:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	14	4	2	0	0	0	22		
18:15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	12	4	2	0	0	0	19		
18:30	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	27	4	2	0	0	0	36		
18:45	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	20	2	3	0	0	0	28		
HTOT	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	2	73	14	9	0	0	0	105		
P/TOT	10	1	1	6	5	2	0	0	25	53	13	806	221	182	21	0	0	1296		

Worcester City Council

Site ID	MC	CARS	TAXIS	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOTAL
The Tything	124	13887	435	1814	265	122	249	16896
Scale Factor	1.23	1.23	2.3	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	
Total	153	17081	1001	2231	326	150	306	21248
Site ID	MC	CARS	TAXIS	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOTAL
Foregate Street	38	3802	327	514	65	31	202	4979
Scale Factor	1.23	1.23	2.3	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	
Total	47	4676	752	632	80	38	248	6474
Site ID	MC	CARS	TAXIS	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOTAL
Butts	39	4106	260	617	64	25	562	5673
Scale Factor	1.23	1.23	2.3	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	
Total	48	5050	598	759	79	31	691	7256
Site ID	MC	CARS	TAXIS	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOTAL
Bridge St	172	15103	286	2115	229	86	220	18211
Scale Factor	1.23	1.23	2.3	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	
Total	212	18577	658	2601	282	106	271	22706
Site ID	MC	CARS	TAXIS	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOTAL
All Saints Road	145	11778	223	1404	221	84	313	14168
Scale Factor	1.23	1.23	2.3	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	
Total	178	14487	513	1727	272	103	385	17665
Site ID	MC	CARS	TAXIS	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOTAL
Lowesmoor	28	2534	226	517	46	8	416	3775
Scale Factor	1.23	1.23	2.3	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	
Total	34	3117	520	636	57	10	512	4885
Site ID	MC	CARS	TAXIS	LGV	OGV1	OGV2	PSV	TOTAL
The Cross	83	4169	521	604	91	8	420	5896
Scale Factor	1.23	1.23	2.3	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	
Total	102	5128	1198	743	112	10	517	7810

Table B2: Traffic speed data

Location	Average Speed
Butts	10.29
Butts + Shaw Street	15.67
Cross	8.80
The Foregate	17.41
Foregate St	17.23
Tything N	19.24
Upper Tything N	19.57
Barborne Rd N	24.88
Barborne Rd S	29.95
Upper Tything S	31.22
Tything S	18.46
Barborne Rd N&S	27.41
Upper Tything N&S	25.40
Tything N&S	18.85
Average	20.31

Table B4: Emission Factor Toolkit v8.01 Input

Select Pollutants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NOx <input type="checkbox"/> CO2 <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5	Select Outputs <input type="checkbox"/> Air Quality Modelling (g/km/s) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Emissions Rates (g/km) <input type="checkbox"/> Annual Link Emissions	Additional Outputs <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Breakdown by Vehicle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Source Apportionment <input type="checkbox"/> PM by Source	Advanced Options <input type="checkbox"/> Euro Compositions <input type="checkbox"/> Primary NO2 Fraction <input type="checkbox"/> NOx Annual Emissions Euro Split <input type="checkbox"/> Simple Entry Euro Compositions <input type="checkbox"/> Output % Contributions from Euro Classes <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 Annual Emissions Euro Split <input type="checkbox"/> Fleet Projection Tool <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Annual Emissions Euro Split	Click the button to: <input type="button" value="Run EFT"/> <input type="button" value="Clear Input Data"/>						
Please Select from the Following Options: <table border="1"> <tr> <td style="background-color: #ffccbc;">Area</td> <td>England (not London)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #ffccbc;">Year</td> <td>2018</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #ffccbc;">Traffic Format</td> <td>Detailed Option 2</td> </tr> </table>		Area	England (not London)	Year	2018	Traffic Format	Detailed Option 2	Export Outputs <input type="checkbox"/> Save Output to New Workbook File Name: Worcester City		
Area	England (not London)									
Year	2018									
Traffic Format	Detailed Option 2									
Select 'Basic Split' or 'Detailed Option 1 to 3' or 'Alternative Technologies' above										

SourceID	Road Type	Traffic Flow	% Car	% Taxi (black cab)	% LGV	% Rigid HGV
Bridge St	Urban (not London)	22707	82.34	2.36	11.46	1.24
All Saints Road	Urban (not London)	17665	82.54	2.37	9.78	1.54
Lowesmoor	Urban (not London)	4886	65.74	8.7	13.02	1.17
The Cross	Urban (not London)	15620	68.48	12.53	9.51	1.43
The Tything	Urban (not London)	21248	81.25	3.85	10.5	1.53
Foregate Street	Urban (not London)	6473	74.37	9.49	9.76	1.24
The Butts	Urban (not London)	7256	71.11	6.73	10.46	1.09

% Artic HGV	% Bus and Coach	% Motorcycle	Speed(kph)	No of Hours	Link Length (km)	% Gradient	Flow Direction	% Load
0.47	1.19	0.94	13	24				
0.58	2.18	1.01	13	24				
0.2	10.47	0.7	13	24				
0.13	6.61	1.31	10	24				
0.71	1.44	0.72	19	24				
0.59	3.82	0.73	17	24				
0.43	9.52	0.66	13	24				

Table B5: Emission Factor Toolkit v8.01 Output

Source Name	Pollutant Name	All Vehicles (g/km)	All LDVs (g/km)	All HDVs (g/km)	Petrol Cars (g/km)	Diesel Cars (g/km)	Taxis (g/km)	Petrol LGVs (g/km)	Diesel LGVs (g/km)
Bridge St	NOx	14,425.67511	10,737.10383	3,688.57128	903.33926	6,258.00224	619.04389	3.61483	2,897.99994
All Saints Road	NOx	12,522.89922	8,038.95112	4,483.94810	704.46329	4,880.26267	483.62825	2.39992	1,924.00631
Lowesmoor	NOx	6,538.06337	2,439.89869	4,098.16469	155.18989	1,075.09849	491.04624	0.88371	708.46507
The Cross	NOx	19,247.43933	8,722.23639	10,525.20294	537.25845	3,879.09080	2,460.78590	2.11535	1,800.22437
The Tything	NOx	12,151.10158	8,989.51148	3,161.59010	777.48545	5,090.53681	848.43855	2.97270	2,228.86474
Foregate Street	NOx	4,899.47427	3,018.04167	1,881.43260	221.72319	1,475.88773	656.57392	0.85264	650.68771
The Butts	NOx	9,017.14375	3,400.78731	5,616.35644	249.29193	1,727.00281	564.10768	1.05432	845.24567

Rigid HGVs (g/km)	Artic HGVs (g/km)	Buses/Coaches (g/km)	Motorcycles (g/km)	Full Hybrid Petrol Cars (g/km)	Plug-In Hybrid Petrol Cars (g/km)	Full Hybrid Diesel Cars (g/km)
1,238.07002	439.85659	1,989.70480	21.74110	10.88316	2.40317	20.07625
1,196.18437	422.27476	2,835.64632	18.17309	8.48716	1.87410	15.65633
251.36400	40.27513	3,766.88248	3.48374	1.86968	0.41285	3.44902
1,172.30206	104.25076	9,151.18845	22.33060	6.51113	1.43683	12.48296
1,059.41958	442.77205	1,641.95432	13.57481	9.27402	2.05077	16.31364
285.92426	124.09741	1,455.93003	4.34811	2.65274	0.58628	4.72934
347.76633	128.59356	5,086.46604	4.87792	3.00339	0.66320	5.54038

CNG Buses (g/km)	Biomethane Buses (g/km)	Biogas Buses (g/km)	Hybrid Buses (g/km)	FCEV Buses (g/km)	B100 Coaches (g/km)
0.33932	-	-	20.60055	-	-
0.48358	-	-	29.35906	-	-
0.64239	-	-	39.00068	-	-
1.29652	-	-	96.16516	-	-
0.38422	-	-	17.05993	-	-
0.31050	-	-	15.17040	-	-
0.86743	-	-	52.66308	-	-

All LDVs (%)	All HDVs (%)	Petrol Cars (%)	Diesel Cars (%)	Taxis (%)	Petrol LGVs (%)	Diesel LGVs (%)	Rigid HGVs (%)	Artic HGVs (%)	Buses/Coaches (%)	Motorcycles (%)	Full Hybrid Petrol Cars (%)	Plug-In Hybrid Petrol Cars (%)	Full Hybrid Diesel Cars (%)
74.4%	25.6%	6.3%	43.4%	4.3%	0.0%	20.1%	8.6%	3.0%	13.8%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%
64.2%	35.8%	5.6%	39.0%	3.9%	0.0%	15.4%	9.6%	3.4%	22.6%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%
37.3%	62.7%	2.4%	16.4%	7.5%	0.0%	10.8%	3.8%	0.6%	57.6%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
45.3%	54.7%	2.8%	20.2%	12.8%	0.0%	9.4%	6.1%	0.5%	47.5%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
74.0%	26.0%	6.4%	41.9%	7.0%	0.0%	18.3%	8.7%	3.6%	13.5%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%
61.6%	38.4%	4.5%	30.1%	13.4%	0.0%	13.3%	5.8%	2.5%	29.7%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%
37.7%	62.3%	2.8%	19.2%	6.3%	0.0%	9.4%	3.9%	1.4%	56.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%

CNG Buses (%)	Biomethane Buses (%)	Biogas Buses (%)	Hybrid Buses (%)	FCEV Buses (%)	B100 Coaches (%)
0.0%	-	-	0.1%	-	-
0.0%	-	-	0.2%	-	-
0.0%	-	-	0.6%	-	-
0.0%	-	-	0.5%	-	-
0.0%	-	-	0.1%	-	-
0.0%	-	-	0.3%	-	-
0.0%	-	-	0.6%	-	-

Appendix C – Source Apportionment calculations

Tables C1 to 8: The local contribution apportioned to vehicle class at each monitoring location (calculated in accordance with LAQM.TG16 Box 7.5)

Box 7.5 calculation – Tyn	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total (%)
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		47.21	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		13.62	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		18.45	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		12.35	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		6.10	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		9.12	19.32%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.50	9.53%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		33.59	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	6.39%	2.15	
Diesel Cars	41.89%	14.07	
Hybrid Cars	0.19%	0.07	
Total cars	48.47%	16.29	34.51%
Taxis	6.99%	2.35	4.98%
Petrol LGVs	0.10%	0.03	
Diesel LGVs	18.29%	6.15	
Total LGVs	18.39%	6.18	13.09%
HGVs	12.38%	4.16	8.82%
Buses/Coaches	13.69%	4.60	9.75%
Motorcycles	0.09%	0.03	0.07%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>33.59</u>	<u>100%</u>

- 1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates
- 2) Local Background nitrous oxides
- 3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Box 7.5 calculation – Fos	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total %
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		48.51	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		13.62	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		18.45	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		12.35	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		6.10	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		9.12	18.82%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.50	9.29%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		34.89	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	4.53%	1.58	
Diesel Cars	30.12%	10.51	
Hybrid Cars	0.07%	0.02	
Total cars	34.72%	12.11	24.95%
Taxis	13.41%	4.68	9.64%
Petrol LGVs	0.02%	0.01	
Diesel LGVs	13.30%	4.64	
Total LGVs	13.32%	4.65	9.58%
HGVs	8.37%	2.92	6.03%
Buses/Coaches	30.08%	10.49	21.60%
Motorcycles	0.09%	0.03	0.06%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	100%	34.88	100%

- 1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates
- 2) Local Background nitrous oxides
- 3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Box 7.5 calculation – Fos2	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total %
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		35.81	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		13.62	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		18.45	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		12.35	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		6.10	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		9.12	25.49%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.50	12.58%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		22.19	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	4.53%	1.01	
Diesel Cars	30.12%	6.68	
Hybrid Cars	0.07%	0.02	
Total cars	34.72%	12.11	21.50%
Taxis	13.41%	2.98	8.31%
Petrol LGVs	0.02%	0.00	
Diesel LGVs	13.30%	2.95	
Total LGVs	13.32%	2.95	8.25%
HGVs	8.37%	1.86	5.19%
Buses/Coaches	30.08%	6.67	18.62%
Motorcycles	0.09%	0.02	0.06%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	100%	22.19	100%

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

2) Local Background nitrous oxides

3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution

4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution

5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Box 7.5 calculation – But2	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total %
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		52.43	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		13.62	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		18.45	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		12.35	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		6.10	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		9.12	17.39%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.50	8.58%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		38.81	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	2.76%	1.07	
Diesel Cars	19.15%	7.43	
Hybrid Cars	0.04%	0.02	
Total cars	21.95%	8.52	16.25%
Taxis	6.26%	2.43	4.63%
Petrol LGVs	0.04%	0.02	
Diesel LGVs	9.37%	3.64	
Total LGVs	9.41%	3.66	6.96%
HGVs	5.29%	2.05	3.92%
Buses/Coaches	57.03%	22.13	42.21%
Motorcycles	0.05%	0.02	0.04%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	100%	38.81	100%

- 1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates
- 2) Local Background nitrous oxides
- 3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Box 7.5 calculation – BRS2	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total %
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		47.70	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		13.12	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		17.65	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		11.34	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		6.31	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		8.43	17.67%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.69	9.83%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		34.58	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	4.53%	2.16	
Diesel Cars	30.12%	15.00	
Hybrid Cars	0.07%	0.08	
Total cars	34.72%	17.24	36.16%
Taxis	13.41%	1.48	3.11%
Petrol LGVs	0.02%	0.01	
Diesel LGVs	13.30%	6.95	
Total LGVs	13.32%	6.96	14.59%
HGVs	8.37%	4.02	8.43%
Buses/Coaches	30.08%	4.82	10.10%
Motorcycles	0.09%	0.05	0.11%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	100%	34.57	100%

- 1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates
- 2) Local Background nitrous oxides
- 3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Box 7.5 calculation – Bkc	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total %
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		46.94	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		13.62	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		18.45	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		12.35	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		6.10	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		9.12	19.40%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.50	9.58%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		33.32	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	2.79%	0.93	
Diesel Cars	20.15%	6.71	
Hybrid Cars	0.10%	0.03	
Total cars	23.04%	7.67	16.39%
Taxis	12.79%	4.26	9.07%
Petrol LGVs	0.01%	0.01	
Diesel LGVs	9.36%	3.12	
Total LGVs	9.37%	3.13	6.66%
HGVs	6.60%	2.20	4.69%
Buses/Coaches	48.10%	16.03	34.12%
Motorcycles	0.10%	0.03	0.09%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	100%	33.32	100%

- 1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates
- 2) Local Background nitrous oxides
- 3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Box 7.5 calculation – DDASH	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total %
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		43.80	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		13.12	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		17.65	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		11.34	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		6.31	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		8.43	19.25%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.69	10.71%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		30.68	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	5.64%	1.73	
Diesel Cars	39.03%	11.97	
Hybrid Cars	0.07%	0.02	
Total cars	44.74%	13.72	31.38%
Taxis	3.87%	1.19	2.70%
Petrol LGVs	0.02%	0.01	
Diesel LGVs	15.38%	4.72	
Total LGVs	15.40%	4.73	10.77%
HGVs	12.94%	3.97	9.05%
Buses/Coaches	22.90%	7.03	16.02%
Motorcycles	0.15%	0.04	0.11%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	100%	30.68	100%

- 1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates
- 2) Local Background nitrous oxides
- 3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Box 7.5 calculation – Lwm1	Local Source (%)	NO ₂ µg/m ³	Total %
T-NO ₂ (Total (Monitored) nitrogen dioxide)		41.20	
TB-NO ₂ (Total Background nitrogen dioxide ¹)		14.28	
TB-NO _x (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)		19.51	
RB-NO _x (Regional Background nitrous oxides ¹)		13.76	
Step 1: LB-NO _x ² = TB-NO _x – RB-NO _x		5.75	
Step2: RB-NO ₂ ³ = TB-NO ₂ × (RB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		10.07	24.44%
Step2: LB-NO ₂ ⁴ = TB-NO ₂ × (LB-NO _x / TB-NO _x)		4.21	10.22%
Step3: L-NO ₂ ⁵ = T-NO ₂ – TB-NO ₂		26.92	
<u>Step4: % of vehicles from Eft</u>			
Petrol Cars	2.37%	0.64	
Diesel Cars	16.44%	4.43	
Hybrid Cars	0.09%	0.02	
Total cars	18.90%	5.09	12.35%
Taxis	7.51%	2.02	4.91%
Petrol LGVs	0.01%	0.01	
Diesel LGVs	10.84%	2.92	
Total LGVs	10.85%	2.93	7.06%
HGVs	4.50%	1.21	2.94%
Buses/Coaches	58.19%	15.66	38.04%
Motorcycles	0.05%	0.01	0.03%
<u>Total vehicles</u>	100%	26.92	100%

- 1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates
- 2) Local Background nitrous oxides
- 3) Regional Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 4) Local Background nitrogen dioxide contribution
- 5) Local sources nitrogen dioxide contribution

Tables C9 to C16: Nitrous Oxides and Nitrogen Dioxide equivalent reduction required for monitoring locations (in accordance with LAQM.TG16 Box 7.6).

Box 7.6 Calculation – Tyn	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	91.55	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	18.45	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	73.10	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.70	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.17	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.72	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	19.40	26.5
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	23.93	32.7
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	28.38	38.8
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	8.91	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	11.00	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	13.04	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Box 7.6 Calculation – Fos	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	94.76	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	18.45	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	76.31	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.70	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.17	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.72	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	22.61	29.6
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	27.14	35.6
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	31.59	41.4
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	10.34	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	12.41	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	14.44	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Box 7.6 Calculation – Fos2	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	64.98	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	18.45	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	46.53	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.70	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.17	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.72	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	-	-
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	-	-
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	1.81	3.89
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	-	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	-	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	0.86	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Box 7.6 Calculation – But2	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	104.65	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	18.45	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	86.20	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.70	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.17	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.72	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	32.50	37.7
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	37.03	43
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	41.48	48.1
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	14.63	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	16.67	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	18.68	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Box 7.6 Calculation – BRS2	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	92.22	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	17.65	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	74.57	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.85	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.30	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.84	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	20.72	27.8
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	25.27	33.9
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	29.73	39.9
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	9.61	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	11.72	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	13.79	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Box 7.6 Calculation – DDASH	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	82.69	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	17.65	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	65.04	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.85	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.30	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.84	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	11.19	17.2
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	15.74	24.2
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	20.20	31.1
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	5.28	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	7.42	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	9.53	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Box 7.6 Calculation – Bkc	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	89.93	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	18.45	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	71.48	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.85	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.30	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.84	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	17.63	24.7
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	22.18	31
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	26.64	37.3
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	8.22	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	10.34	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	12.42	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Box 7.6 Calculation – Lwm1	NOx/NO ₂ µg/m ³	Reduction required (%)
Step 1 Total NOx	76.26	
Step 2 TB-NOx (Total Background nitrous oxides ¹)	19.51	
Step 3 Local Sources NOx	56.75	
Step 4 Road NOx = 40 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	53.85	
Step 4 Road NOx = 38 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	49.30	
Step 4 Road NOx = 36 NO ₂ - TB-NO ₂	44.84	
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 40µg/m ³	2.90	5.1
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 38µg/m ³	7.45	13.1
Step 5 NOx equivalent for NO ₂ 36µg/m ³	11.91	21
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 40µg/m ³	1.38	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 38µg/m ³	3.53	
Local NO ₂ reduction required for 36µg/m ³	5.65	

1) Data from Defra 2018 Background Maps for model year of 2018 for relevant local coordinates

Table C 17: Defra’s NOx to NO₂ Conversion Spreadsheet v8.1 for calculations

Local Authority:	Worcester District			Year:	2018	
Site ID	Diffusion tube NO ₂ , µg m ⁻³	Background NO _x , µg m ⁻³	Background NO ₂ , µg m ⁻³	Road NO _x , µg m ⁻³	User defined local traffic mix fraction emitted as NO ₂ (fNO ₂)	Notes
Tyn	47.21	18.45		73.1		
Fos	48.51	18.45		76.31		
Fos2	35.81	18.45		46.53		
But2	52.43	18.45		86.2		
BRS2	47.7	17.65		74.3		
Bkc	46.94	18.45		71.48		
DDASH	43.8	17.65		64.82		
Lwm1	41.2	19.51		56.56		
40	40		13.62	53.85		
38	38		13.62	49.3		
36	36		13.62	44.84		

References

1. Air Quality Consultants (July 2017) Detailed Assessment of Air Quality along London Road, Worcester for Worcester City Council
2. Defra (February 2018) Local Air Quality Management Technical Guidance LAQM.TG(16)
3. Defra (November 2021) Emissions Factor Toolkit v.11.0 User Guide
4. Defra (Oct 2016) Background Concentration Maps User Guide
5. Worcestershire Regulatory Services (2017) Worcester Road, St Johns Source Apportionment Report
6. Worcestershire Regulatory Services (2021) Air Quality Annual Status Report for Worcester City